

The Daily Mirror

THE MORNING JOURNAL WITH THE SECOND LARGEST NET SALE.

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as a Newspaper.

FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1906.

One Halfpenny.

MR. BALFOUR RECUPERATING AT BRIGHTON AFTER HIS ILLNESS.



To complete his recovery after the breakdown in his health, Mr. Balfour is stopping with Mr. Arthur Sassoon at Brighton. In the photograph on the left Mr.

Balfour is starting on a motor-car drive. Mrs. Arthur Sassoon is standing by the car. On the right is another snapshot of the ex-Premier.

SHAKING HANDS WITH A LION AT THE ZOO.



Mr. R. Carnaby Forster, husband of the Dowager Duchess of Hamilton, while in Rhodesia shot a lioness, and brought one of the cubs to England. This he presented to the Zoological Gardens, and it is now full grown, but when he yesterday visited his old pet it put its paw through the bars and gave every sign of delighted recognition.

FRENCH PREMIER RESIGNS.



Owing to an adverse vote in the Chamber on the subject of the riots which have followed taking the inventories in the French churches, M. Rouvier, the French Premier, has resigned. Both the extreme Clericals and the Socialists voted against him.

The Ladies' Army and Navy Club, Burlington Gardens. W. Lady Briggs begs to acknowledge the safe arrival of the very clever mechanical doll. She gave it to a small child, who is highly delighted with a "dear dolly that can walk, talk, and sleep." The little fellow spends hours running after it.

FREE OFFER by T.A.T.

We will give **Absolutely Free** to any reader of the "Daily Mirror" a copy each of Brett's publications who purchases one of their wonderful Walking, Talking, and Sleeping Dolls. The most marvellous invention of the age.

The publications will be sent with the Doll, and are as follows:—"T.A.T.," "Princess Novels," "Miniature Novels," "My Pocket Novels," "Empire Novels," "Something to Read," "Boys of the Empire," "Surprise," quite a parcel of literature, of the most interesting character to suit the tastes of every member of your family.

OUR EPOCH-MAKING ANNOUNCEMENT.

Edwin J. Brett, Ltd., the proprietors of "T.A.T.," have much pleasure in announcing to the readers of the "Daily Mirror" that they have decided to offer their **Guinea Walking, Talking, and Sleeping Doll** at the ridiculously low price of **6s. 6d.** only simply to advertise "T.A.T.," the most interesting and popular journal published. You should not fail to take advantage of this offer at once before it is withdrawn. **Brett's Walking, Talking, and Sleeping Doll** is the most fascinating and marvellous mechanical invention of the age. We leave it for the Doll to tell you what she can do.

I am
fully worth
21/-
but I am
offered to you
at the
absurdly
low price of
6/6
only simply to
advertise

T.A.T.



WHAT I AM
AND
WHAT I CAN
DO.

I walk by myself.
I talk while I walk.
I have sleeping eyes.
I am richly dressed.
I am almost unbreak-
able.
I am sought after by
all.

I stand fully
sixteen ins.
high.

REMEMBER YOU OBTAIN ALL - FREE

Simply by ordering the Doll. Mothers, Fathers, Brothers and Sisters should not fail to obtain this wonderful Walking, Talking, and Sleeping Doll. The handsomest of HANDSOME NOVELTIES. Do not forget that although the Doll is worth One Guinea, the proprietors of "T.A.T." offer it to you for 6s. 6d. only to advertise this favourite paper. Just send to us right away, enclosing P.O. 6s. 6d. and six stamps extra for carriage and case, and we will send you **QUITE FREE** all our publications and the Walking, Talking, and Sleeping Doll. We have a large quantity of letters from charmed and delighted people who have already had the Doll. Address your letters to—
Supply Dept., T.A.T., 12, Harkaway House, West Harding St., London, E.C.

YOUR LIVER MADE ACTIVE FREE.

We suppose you prefer facts to arguments! Facts are convincing! We can argue as to the merits of Kaye's Liver Pills, but we prefer to demonstrate it as a fact. We will send you a sample box free and post paid, all you have to do is to give them a fair trial. Nothing more, nothing less! Improved health quickly follows.

KAYE'S

SENT FREE.

WORSDELL'S
LIVER

SEE COUPON.

PILLS

A BOON TO THE BILIOUS.

Every man with a sluggish liver runs the risk of many ailments.

Constipation, biliousness, kidney disorders, and sick headache.

Kaye's Liver Pills clear the system of all digestive and excretory trouble.

They cleanse the liver to healthy action, and clear the kidneys.

They get rid of uric acid and all poisonous, flatulencies.

Appetite, good digestion, energy, and health follow as a matter of course.

SIGN THIS COUPON.

Send to Kaye's, 12 St. Geo. Street, Norwich, for free Sample box.

NAME

ADDRESS

("Daily Mirror," March 9, 1906.)

W. Kirky, Esq., 4, Ludgate Arcade, London, writes: "I am glad to say that your pills have permanently cured my wife."

BOX FREE.

(ONE WEEK'S SUPPLY.)

OXIEN for HEART DISEASE.

If you have any indications of Heart Disease, such as Palpitation, Tobacco Heart, Shortness of Breath, Dizziness, Fullness in the Throat, Dropsy, Anæmia, Pains around the Heart or under the Left Shoulder, allow us to send you a free Supply of Oxién, sufficient for a week's trial, together with a treatise on the heart and testimonials from people who have been cured. Send no stamps. Package in plain wrapper.—**THE GIANT OXIE CO.** (Dept. 118G), 8, Bouverie Street, London, E.C.



VENO'S LIGHTNING COUGH CURE

The purest and most efficient Remedy procurable for
COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA,
CATARH, WEAK LUNGS, & CHILDREN'S COUGHS.

W. LASCELLES-SCOTT, F.S.Sc. (Lond.), Little Ilford, Essex is his certificate of analysis among other things, says: "I have pleasure in certifying that, in my opinion, Veno's Lightning Cough Cure is an exceptionally pure, safe, and effective preparation."

BRONCHITIS AND ASTHMA

Mrs. MARTIN HILL, The Ham, Shifnal, Salop, writes:—"I have had what the doctor called bronchial asthma, and he said I should never be cured, but thanks be to God and Veno's Lightning Cough Cure, I am better now than I have been for six years; and since I have been taking your Cough Cure I can lie down and have a good night's rest. I have recommended your Cough Cure. I am sure it will be a great blessing to sufferers. I tried everything that people told me of, but nothing did me a bit of good. During the winters I had to sit three months in a chair at a time because of the shortness of breath and choking sensation, but all that has gone now, and I am looking very well."

Rev. W. DACEY, 6 College Villas Road, South Hampstead, London, writes, June 17th:—"I have a high opinion of Veno's Lightning Cough Cure. I have used it with much benefit to myself."

CHILDREN'S COUGHS

Mrs. CRESSY, 37 Serpentine Street, Market Rasen, Lincs., writes:—"My little boy suffered from whooping cough for nine months. I tried no end of Cough Mixtures, but they did him no good. He could neither eat nor sleep and was very thin. I noticed an improvement in him after the first bottle of Veno's Lightning Cough Cure, and now, sir, your medicine has cured him; and I am thankful to tell you."

Mrs. ADA S. BALDIN, 5 Edgar Street, London, Editor of *Womanhood*, writes:—"Veno's Lightning Cough Cure is an exceedingly successful remedy; it is very pleasant to take and the relief it gives is very rapid. The preparation is perfectly safe for children."

Ask for

VENO'S LIGHTNING COUGH CURE.

LARGE TRIAL BOTTLES 9 1/2 Regular Sizes 1/4 and 2/3 at Chemists and Drug Stores or post free from **THE VENO DRUG CO., 59, Cedar Street, Manchester.**

Great Clearance Sale

Fourth in Fifty Years.

MIDLAND FURNISHING CO.

69 to 77, JUDD-ST., KING'S CROSS, LONDON

(Judd-street is opposite St. Pancras Station)

Business Hours, 9 till 8. Saturdays till 6. Thursdays we do NOT close early.

WHOLE OF ENORMOUS STOCK MUST BE CLEARED AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

FURNISH ON EASY TERMS

At Sale Prices

Without Extra Charge

WE CAUTION THE PUBLIC AGAINST FIRMS CHARGING INTEREST EITHER FOR CREDIT GIVEN OR FOR POSTPONEMENT OF INSTALMENTS

TERMS.		TOWN OR COUNTRY.	
Worth.	Per Month.		
210	- - - - -	5	0
20	- - - - -	11	0
50	- - - - -	21	8 0
100	- - - - -	2	5 0
200	- - - - -	4	10 0
500	- - - - -	11	5 0

Any amount pro rata.

NO ADDED INTEREST. NO EXTRA CHARGES.

"1906" Guide and Catalogue Free.

Carpets and Linos Laid Free.

Goods Delivered Free.

Country Orders Carriage Paid.

NO DEPOSIT REQUIRED

We conduct our business without publicity. Goods priced in plain figures.

Sale! Sale!! Sale!!!

DURING THE SALE WE ALLOW A SPECIAL CASH DISCOUNT OF 10 PER CENT.

MIDLAND FURNISHING CO.



SEND NO DEPOSIT. We offer to give 1,000 customers our 210-20-0 CYCLE for £4-10-0 and 50 Cigars value 10/- or Hand-some Gold Brooch. Instalments extra. Send for particulars. **THE DEANEMAN CYCLE CO., NORWICH**



RUPTURE CURED. Dr. Finner's ELECTRIC TRUSS. Holds like your finger; fits like a glove; sets like a charm. 25/- Booklet free if you call or write NOW and mention this paper. **Magnetic Elastic Truss Co., 12, Emsbury Square, London, E.C. (Established 30 years).**

THE IMP SOOT DESTROYER

CLEARS THE CHIMNEY IN FIVE MINUTES

NO MESS NO TROUBLE

4

ON THE HONORABLE ROYAL WARRANTED

CHEAPER AND BETTER ARMY.

Sweeping Scheme of the New War Minister.

SHOOTING V. FOOTBALL

Need for Greater National Interest in Military Matters.

Mr. Haldane, the Secretary for War, made his first important pronouncement of military policy in the House of Commons last night.

The main features of his masterly exposition, delivered largely without the assistance of notes, and occupying two hours and five minutes in delivery, were the following:—

1. A declaration for more efficiency at a less expenditure.
2. A reference to the rise of a new school of thinking officers since the South African war.
3. A wish that the nations of the world would take council together to reduce armaments.
4. Estimates only £17,000 less than last year.
5. A condemnation of the policy of borrowing for military work.
6. A declaration that the present Government intended to "pay their way."

"A three months' tenure of office," said Mr. Haldane, "is too short a time to enable me to produce a new Army scheme." Nevertheless, the Minister entertained the House to his ideas on military reform. The following decisions, he announced, had been arrived at:—

The ammunition stores, constructed for the defence of London, are to disappear, root and branch.

Some 300 guns, for defence purposes, at various points round the coast are to be swept away.

Some Colonial garrisons will be reduced to correspond with the new naval policy.

The system of making continuous reconnaissances of positions in this country, with the view of detecting us against a foreign enemy, will be stopped.

After a frank confession that "the path of a War Minister was strewn with difficulties," Mr. Haldane drew attention to the enormous expenditure on the Army not merely by this nation, but by other Powers in a corresponding position.

COST OF OTHER ARMIES.

"German military expenditure has risen in eleven years by 25 per cent, and stands at £31,000,000 against our £20,000,000. French military expenditure stands at £29,000,000.

"I have found my task a fascinating one," admitted the Minister, "and I have tried to put my finger on the spot where the sources of the present great expenditure lay.

"The Government is pledged to economy, and I have scanned the estimates with the view of discovering how much can be eliminated without any sacrifice of efficiency."

The reason that the present estimates were only £17,000 less than those of last year was due to the automatic increases in cost on various branches of the service amounting to £780,000.

"Having that large sum to get rid of," he explained, "I consulted with the Army Council, and with their valuable expert aid I have succeeded in getting the estimates for the coming year reduced, and I am assured that there will be no diminution of efficiency."

Mr. Haldane thus accounted for the growing cost of the Army during the last decade:—

	1896-7.	1906-7.
Estimates	£19,000,000	£20,000,000
Average cost of soldier per year	463	481
Average cost of officer per year	450	484

The cost of other branches of the Service had also gone up.

The necessity of keeping up the battalions in India and the Colonies entailed the maintenance of a large establishment at home.

LESSONS OF THE WAR.

With much eloquence, accompanied by convincing gesture, the Minister submitted that the Army ought to be so organised that it could respond at once to conditions of policy so that it could be expanded or diminished as occasion required.

The lessons of the South African war had been learned, and he did not think the Army was ever more efficient than it was at the present time.

"The British Army is wanted for service overseas, and it is necessarily a professional force. It must," said Mr. Haldane, "be of that high quality which cannot be obtained by conscription."

A roar of Ministerial cheers followed this declaration.

"The Army must be of strictly limited dimensions.

"The size of the force must depend on policy, and I wish the nations of the world would take counsel together to reduce armaments, the burden

of which is pressing on every civilised nation." (Great Labour cheering.)

An interesting suggestion followed.

Dealing with the question of expansion and the powers of the auxiliary forces, Mr. Haldane said he would like to see more men voluntarily take upon themselves "the elements of some military training."

"I do not see why people should not shoot with the rifle as well as play with the football."

The suggestion was supported by a general cheer.

In the case of war, given the skeleton organisation, there would be a possibility of expanding the defensive forces and training them to the necessary standard of efficiency before they had to take the field.

"We should dismiss from our minds all notion of organising ourselves up to a war standard in time of peace," he urged.

His ideas could be worked out by means of a devolution of military administration to local governing units.

MAKE PEACE A CERTAINTY.

With such an organisation no war would be entered upon without the full assent of the people.

"A nation under arms in that fashion would be a nation under arms for the sake of peace.

"With such an organisation at home it would be possible to reduce the striking force and effect economies on a large scale.

"If the Colonies followed suit," submitted the Minister, "the Empire might raise potential forces of a character which would make peace a certainty for generations to come."

With a glowing appeal for "moderation and continuity of policy, which are essential to economy," and for the consideration of this question free from any Party bitterness, Mr. Haldane concluded his speech.

The right hon. gentleman was warmly congratulated on his great effort by Mr. Arnold-Forster, the ex-War Minister, and several subsequent speakers.

FRANKS AND FREE FOOD.

Mr. Buxton, replying to Mr. K. Hardie as to the approximate cost to the Treasury of franking such letters of M.P.'s as were posted within the precincts of the House, said he had no material for a trustworthy estimate.

A return of the letters posted in both Houses for the last three days gave a total of 8,352, of which the postage was £31 18s. 4d., or an average of 2,784 letters, costing £10 12s. 9d.

How far these figures would be increased if franking was permitted it would be impossible to say. (Laughter.)

Mr. Wilson: Now it is decided we are to receive shares, what do the Government consider whether they will not give us everything free, particularly free food? (Opposition cheers and laughter.)

CONFIDENCE IN MR. CHOATE.

Ex-Ambassador as Counsel in Great American Insurance Case.

NEW YORK, Thursday.—Mr. Choate has decided to accept the invitation of the Mutual Life Insurance Co. to act as its counsel in the investigation which the company's committee is to make into its own affairs.

Mr. Choate has insisted upon a thorough investigation into every department of the company's affairs, and that he shall be absolutely untrammelled in his work as counsel.

It is expected that Mr. Choate's acceptance will produce a most favourable effect upon the foreign policy-holders and exert a counter-influence to the efforts in England and elsewhere in Europe to support Mr. Fish.—Lafan.

CHINESE EMPEROR ILL.

Physicians Summoned from the remotest Parts of the Empire to Peking.

PEKIN, Thursday.—The Emperor is ill. Telegrams have been dispatched to all the Viceroys, commanding them to send the best physicians in their provinces to Peking.

The Palace physicians say that his Majesty's illness is serious, but not alarming.—Reuter.

SUBMARINE STEERED BY WAVES.

CANNES, Thursday.—Experiments in steering submarine boats by means of the Hertzian waves were carried out at Antibes yesterday.

A small steel boat was manoeuvred according to the directions of one of the naval officials by the impulse given to the waves. The trials were made in the presence of Colonel Trumelot-Faber, and appeared to be very successful.—Reuter.

TO PROTECT THE CHRISTIAN SUNDAY.

The Advisory Committee appointed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, to consider the question of Sunday observance, have just issued their report.

They recommend, with the Primate's warm approval, that there should be a united effort to educate public opinion upon the privilege and value of the Christian Sunday.

PRINCESS ENA'S WEDDING

Will Probably Take Place in the First Days of June.

SAN SEBASTIAN, Thursday.—The ceremonies connected with the conversion of the Princess having been completed, the Royal Family will leave for Madrid after exchanging visits with King Edward who is expected to arrive here to-morrow or Saturday. King Edward will maintain strict incognito as the Duke of Lancaster.

The date of the royal marriage will shortly be fixed. In the royal entourage it is thought that it will take place in the early part of June, but in other quarters an earlier date is mentioned.

The day will be made the occasion for great festivities at Madrid, and the reigning families will be invited to send representatives.—Reuter.

ROME, Thursday.—Princess Ena has telegraphed to the Pope as follows:—

At the moment of entering the Apostolic Roman Catholic Church I desire humbly to thank your Holiness for all your fatherly goodness towards me, and I also wish to offer myself with all my heart as your most devoted and loyal daughter. Asking again your prayers and your Apostolic Benediction.

(Signed) VICTORIA EUGENIE.

GIFT TO THE POPE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, Thursday.—The Rome correspondent of the "Eclair" announces: "The Pope has sent an affectionate telegram to King Alfonso, conveying his best wishes and blessing for the betrothed couple. The Pope rejoices that the ceremony should have taken place on Spanish soil. He sends a picture of the Virgin by a Spanish painter as a personal gift to the future Queen of Spain."

It is said that a high personage has presented Pius X. with a sum of £80,000. Report had it that this money came from the Empress Eugenie, but I am in a position to tell you that it almost certainly came from Princess Ena of Battenberg herself, who has thus, by a generous act, given the first earnest of her devotion to the Catholic faith."

The special correspondent of the Paris "Gaulois," at San Sebastian, writes: "From the point of view of French interests, this marriage should be welcomed by us. It is better for France that the Queen of Spain should be of British origin than of German."

FRANCE'S NEW PREMIER.

M. Bourgeois May Form a Ministry, with M. Rouvier as Foreign Minister.

All day yesterday Paris was busy discussing the possible outcome of the Ministerial resignation.

It was stated in the lobbies of the Chamber, says Reuter, that M. Dubost, President of the Senate, in an interview with President Fallières, indicated M. Bourgeois as the personage best qualified to form a new Cabinet.

An exchange message states that M. Fallières has requested M. Rouvier to retain the portfolio for Foreign Affairs, and it is expected that he will agree to do so.

MIDNIGHT TELEGRAMS.

Fearing a massacre, the Jews in Ekaterinoslaw (Southern Russia) are fleeing in terror.

A great Japanese naval demonstration awaited Prince Arthur of Connaught on his arrival at Kobe yesterday.

H.M. cruiser Donegal, which stranded on the Egyptian coast of the Gulf of Suez, arrived at Port Said yesterday, and sailed for Malta.

In the course of rioting at Frago, in the Spanish province of Huesca, five workmen were killed yesterday, four were wounded, and four gendarmes were injured.

Sir Reginald Wingate yesterday opened the Karima-Abu Hamed Railway, covering a distance of 138 miles, which opens the rich Dongola province to the Red Sea.

Princess Elizabeth of Windischgratz, daughter of the late Crown Prince Rudolf of Austria and Princess Stephanie (Countess Lonyay), yesterday underwent an operation for appendicitis.

During the shoots in Gwalior State the Prince of Wales bagged nine tigers and three panthers, besides other big game. All the tigers were fine "Royals," and afforded splendid sport.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Our special weather forecast for to-day is:—Squally winds from between the west and south-west; changeable, occasional rain, with short bright periods; moderate temperature.

Lighting-up time, 6.51 p.m.

Sea passages will be rather rough generally.

FRANCE FIRM.

Fall of Ministry Does Not Affect Morocco Question.

GERMANY YIELDING.

Unaffected by the defeat of the French Government, the delegates of France yesterday placed before the Moroccan Conference at Algiers their proposals for policing Morocco. The proposal, says Reuter, consists of five paragraphs, and is in substance as follows:—

In accordance with the wishes of the Sultan of Morocco to establish security in the eight ports open to trade, a police corps shall be created, composed of Moorish Mussulmans, with French and Spanish instructors, who will superintend the training, management, and payment of the corps. The necessary funds shall be advanced by the State Bank.

The strength of the police corps shall not be more than 2,500, nor less than 2,000 men. From 500 to 250 men shall be assigned to each port. The scheme shall be in force for a period of three years. The maximum number of French and Spanish officers shall be sixteen, with thirty-two non-commissioned officers.

A NEW PROPOSAL.

It is stated that M. Rouvier, the Premier, in announcing to M. Revoil, the French delegate at Algiers, the resignation of the Cabinet, informed him that his original instructions sanctioned by the votes of the Chamber were maintained.

In addition to the French scheme, a new proposal was put before the Conference by Austria, which contains a guarantee that an international character shall be given to the control of the police.

During the discussion Herr von Radowitz made an important declaration, to the effect that Germany had no objection to the organisation of the police being given to France and Spain in the open ports, providing commercial freedom was guaranteed.

After an exchange of views the Conference adjourned until to-morrow, when Article 23 of the bank scheme and the final report will be considered.

KILLED BY AVALANCHE.

Norwegian Fishing Village Destroyed by a Sliding Snow Mountain.

TRONDHJEM, Thursday.—The "Dagposten" announces that last night a snow avalanche in the Lofoden Islands, in the North Sea, buried several fishermen's huts.

Sixty-one people are known to have been inside the huts. The work of rescue was at once begun, and eventually twenty-one dead bodies and thirty-nine seriously injured persons were extricated.

The snowstorm is still raging.—Reuter.

CAPTIVE ON FLOATING ICE.

Immense Field, Forced Away by Storm, Carries Off Fishermen and Property.

ST. PETERSBURG, Thursday.—An agency sends particulars of the breaking away of an immense ice-field, in consequence of a great storm in the Gulf of Finland.

It was forced away from the Estonian shore, with 1,000 fishermen and their property on it. On the same day 120 men, with fifty horses, were taken off near the lighthouse station of Somers, amongst the Finnish cliffs.

Since then further groups of fishermen have been forced onwards to the same point. The total saved until March 5 was 200 men, with seventy-five horses, and they have been landed at Friederichsham.

A subsequent telegram from Cronstadt says that the ice-breaker Ernak has left the port of Somers to take away those who have been landed.—Lafan.

MOULIN ROUGE BANKRUPT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, Thursday.—The Moulin Rouge, that famous singing and dancing hall, known far more by foreign visitors than by Parisians, has been declared bankrupt.

In what form it will revive, if at all, is now the subject of much speculation.

PRISONER EVICTED.

ST. PETERSBURG, Thursday.—The Kharkoff Press relates the escape of a political prisoner from the prison there. The Governor's assistant found this prisoner, who was amongst a number of visitors, was not sufficiently respectful and bundled him out of the prison. In his confusion he has not found his way back.—Lafan.

"PAYING GUESTS" AT HOSPITALS.

New Fees To Encourage Middle-Class Patients To Come In.

NO CHARITY STIGMA.

If the poor man wants medical attendance he goes to a hospital and gets it for nothing.

If a rich man wants medical attendance he can afford to pay for it.

If a man earning a few hundreds a year wants medical aid or a surgical operation he fancies he is faced with either bankruptcy from huge medical fees or the unpleasantness of receiving attendance in the form of charity at a hospital.

Mr. Sydney Holland, chairman of the London Hospital, in a long letter to yesterday's "Times" advocates the foundation of special hospitals in which middle-class patients could be treated for middle-class fees, though at the same time receiving the best attendance.

But the London hospitals have already attacked the problem.

Fees at Various Hospitals.

A large number admit paying patients. Some of these and the fees are:—

	Weekly Fee.	s.	d.
St. Thomas's (42 beds)	3	0	0
New (2 wards)	3	0	0
St. John's	15s.	3	0
St. John's, S.E.	5	0	0
National (29 beds)	1	0	0
London Skin	21	1s.	4
Guy's	3	0	0
Grosvenor	10s.	3	0

The benefit gained by patients who take advantage of these hospitals is considerable, as without them there would be nothing between the common ward and the private home, which, in many cases, entails a fee of ten guineas weekly, and additional big sums for operations, consultations, and medicine.

But the casualty ward is also barred to the middle-class patient, unless instant treatment is necessary.

A surgeon at one of the largest metropolitan hospitals told the *Daily Mirror* last night that hundreds of would-be patients solicit attention when quite able to pay for treatment, and unless their case requires immediate attention they are always directed to the nearest doctor.

In the provinces, however, the happy medium has been found. One medical man told the *Daily Mirror* that, while practising at a provincial hospital he found it quite customary for people of small means to bring their accidental hurts, such as cuts and burns, to the hospital casualty surgery, and to place half a crown or two shillings in the donation box on leaving.

By this means the hospital gained and the patient saved money, to their mutual satisfaction.

NURSING AS A FINE ART.

Sir James Crichton-Browne Calls for Protection Against "Spurious Nurses."

Nursing has become a fine art, calling for special skill, technical ability, and cultured insight, said Sir James Crichton-Browne, speaking for a deputation to the Earl of Crewe yesterday, asking for the State registration of nurses.

But there were undoubtedly a large number of spurious nurses and moral delinquents going about, against whom it was necessary to afford protection, and registration would, therefore, prove advantageous.

Lord Crewe said that he was in general agreement with the object of the deputation, but he could not hold out any hope that the Government would take the matter up during the present session.

ODDITIES OF FOREIGN TARIFFS.

Roumania, in Her New Fiscal Policy, Decides To Protect the Artistic Tastes of the Country.

Roumania in her new tariff is determined to protect the artistic tastes of her subjects.

The icons and religious images, lithographs, and every kind of print that have no artistic value are prohibited from entering the country, while those having artistic value may, on the approval of the Minister of Finance, be admitted free.

Foreign playing cards, cigarette papers, and tubes for cigarettes are also excluded.

A curious item in the new Roumanian tariff is the prohibition of the exportation of pigeons. This is evidently to prevent the communication of news by revolutionaries by means of "homers."

MR. JUSTICE DEANE'S RECOVERY.

It is hoped that Mr. Justice Bargrave Deane, who has been ill for some weeks, will be well enough to take his seat in the Admiralty Division to-day.

4,000 EMIGRANTS.

First Party for This Year of Barnardo Homes Boys Leave.

Liverpool witnessed a remarkable exodus of emigrants yesterday, more than 4,000 being shipped in the steamers Pretoria and Dominion for Canada, in the Cymric for Boston, and in the Haverford for Philadelphia.

Among them were 223 boys, the first batch in this year, from Dr. Barnardo's Homes.

Stirring scenes were witnessed at Paddington Station when the boys went off. After a farewell address from the new director, Mr. Baker, and hymns and prayers, a procession was formed, while the Homes band played them to the platform, from which the special train steamed away to the strains of "Auld Lang Syne."

DEATH AS A FRIEND.

Mr. E. F. Benson's Striking Little Play at Miss Kingston's Savoy Matinee.

Death introduced as a figure in a play! Not a Greek play, or an early English play, but a play of modern life, motor-cars, evening dress, and the eternal cigarette.

That is Mr. E. F. Benson's daring experiment, and "The Friend in the Garden" succeeded wonderfully well. It really was thrilling—the moment when the man who wanted to die found himself face to face with Death.

Miss Wynne-Matthison spoke with grave and winning dignity the lines allotted to this unusual character.

Another piece also seen for the first time at this special performance, which filled the Savoy Theatre with quite a distinguished audience, was Mr. Laurence Binyon's one-act verse tragedy, "Paris and CEnone." It created quite a favourable impression, and the author was loudly called before the curtain.

FAREWELL KISS TO HIS WIFE.

Official Falls in the Hands of Money-Lenders, and Is Disgraced After Twenty-one Years' Service.

In the well of the gloomy, darkened court in which the Clerkenwell Sessions are held, there sat yesterday a pale young woman who wept bitterly.

In the dock stood Francis Crawford Inglis, her husband, who, for twenty-one years, had been in the service of the New River Company and the Metropolitan Water Board.

Inglis, convicted of embezzlement from the Board, and sentenced to three months' in the second division, turned to the white-faced woman.

"Good-bye, darling," he exclaimed as he threw her a kiss. "Good-bye, dear," came the sobbing response. Then Inglis stepped down the dock-steps to his punishment.

The story was an old one. Inglis, who was in receipt of £230 a year, incurred heavy family expenses when he only received £120 per annum.

He fell into the hands of money-lenders, to whom he had paid £327, and when the crisis came he was still repaying them at the rate of £21 a month.

POST OFFICE BEGINS TO ADVERTISE.

Window Displays of Articles Sold Within To Be Made at All Branches.

The Post Office has started to advertise. Frames containing samples of the stationery sold to the public are to be displayed in the branch post-office windows, and a beginning has been made in the East Strand Post-office.

Postcards, letter-cards, stamped envelopes, books of stamps, and newspaper wrappers are there, neatly arranged with the prices marked "in plain figures."

The window display attracted crowds yesterday. One spectator seemed to think that the Labour Party was responsible for the innovation. "They'll soon put the Government concerns on an up-to-date basis, you see," he asserted.

FAITHFUL TO HER POORER LOVER.

Gertrude Otremba successfully petitioned the Tottenham magistrate yesterday to order her uncle to deliver up a bag of her possessions.

Her uncle wished her to marry a certain rich foreigner, but she had given her heart to a poor man, and the uncle would not let her have her bag containing many dresses.

NO CONGREGATION FOR CITY CHURCH.

To such an extent has the residential population in the vicinity declined that the Holy Trinity Church, Gough-square, London, will be pulled down.

The parishioners of the parish of St. Bride's yesterday agreed to the amalgamation of the Holy Trinity congregation with that of St. Bride's.

EMPIRE CENSUS.

How King Edward Rules Over Four Hundred Million People.

GIGANTIC FIGURES.

Somewhat tardy in making its appearance, but of extreme interest, is the report issued last night of the census of the British Empire taken in 1901.

The report deals not only with population, but also includes conditions of marriage, occupations, birthplaces, religions, degrees of education, and infirmities.

The first British Empire census was made in 1801, and England and her possessions then comprised 8,500,000 square miles. In forty years the aggregate area of the Empire has increased by 40 per cent., and in 1901 amounted to 11,908,378 square miles, or rather more than one-fifth of the land area of the globe.

The population in 1801 was about 259,000,000. In 1901, exclusive of North-Western Rhodesia, for which no estimate could be obtained, it reached 400,000,000. Of this huge total 294,361,056 are contained in the Indian Empire, increased by 88,000,000 people since 1871.

In 1801 the population of the United Kingdom was 28,927,485; in 1901 it was recorded as 41,458,721.

Next in bulk of figure comes Canada. Five years ago her population was 5,371,315; forty-five years ago it was roughly estimated at 3,100,438. Australia increased her population in forty years from 1,208,641 to 3,836,154. In one instance only has the population of any British possession decreased. In 1871 the population of Gambia was recorded as 14,190; in 1901 it had shrunk to 13,456.

Density of Population.

In regard to average density of population there are 33.5 persons to the square mile throughout the British Empire; the most densely populated districts are the Isle of Man and the Channel Islands, 496.3 to the square mile; the most sparsely, Australia, with 1.3.

Calcutta is, next to London, the most populous city of the Empire. In 1710 its population was put at ten or twelve thousand; five years ago the figure reached 848,000.

In religion the report classes 395,000,000 people of the Empire as follows:—

	Millions		Millions
Hindus	208	Buddhists	12
Mohammedans	84	Primitive, Animists, Christians, etc.	23
United Kingdom	43	Bahama Islands	31
Malta	43	South Australia	31
Victoria	41	Bermuda	30
New Zealand	36	Grenada	30
New South Wales	25	Tasmania	25
Canada	51		

EXCITING STRIKE SCENES.

Northampton Tanners Raid Non-Union Men's Bedding and Seize Their Food.

Exciting scenes are occurring in Northampton, where non-union men from London have taken the place of strikers at the British Chrome Tanning Works.

A van with bedding for the non-union men—who are to sleep on the premises on account of the hostility of the strikers—was raided by the strikers yesterday. The bedding was thrown on the road, and an attempt to drag it away to the river was only frustrated by the arrival of the police.

Another attempt to convey provisions to the non-union men gave rise to a disturbance, the strikers and their sympathisers confiscating the food.

AFTER-DINNER HUMOUR.

Mr. George Wyndham Records an Amusing Snub to a Bore.

Speaking at a friendly society dinner at Dover, Mr. George Wyndham told some good stories.

After-dinner speaking, he said, was better understood in America than in England. The severest reproach for a bore which Mr. Wyndham recollected was that administered by the great Talleyrand whilst driving with a friend, who kept telling him stories.

As they passed through the streets of a Continental town, which in those days were policed by many sentries, they observed one sentry yawn at his post, and Mr. Wyndham said to his friend: "Hush, we are overheard." (Laughter.)

Discharging several Chinese who were brought before him yesterday for keeping gambling houses, the Liverpool magistrate advised the police to shut their eyes to this, as no annoyance was caused to neighbours, the Chinamen gambling exclusively among themselves.

NO RAILWAY OMNIBUSES.

Judge Decides That Mersey Company Has No Power to Run Them.

Mr. Justice Warrington yesterday disposed of a Chancery Division case which involved the power of railway companies to run omnibuses.

The action was brought by the Attorney-General at the instance of the Corporation of Birkenhead to restrain the Mersey Railway Company from running motor-omnibuses from their station.

The Mersey Railway connects Liverpool with Birkenhead by means of a tunnel under the Mersey, and a large portion of its business consists in the carriage of passengers who earn their living in Liverpool.

His Lordship said the business of omnibus proprietors, such as that carried on by the Mersey Railway Company, was not incidental to the authority given them.

He granted the injunction, but suspended it for a fortnight in view of an appeal.

"PERSONAL LUGGAGE."

Must a Railway Company Carry a "Double Bass" Without Payment?

"Is a double bass instrument personal luggage?" was the question submitted to Judge Addison at the Southwark County Court yesterday.

The case was a test one, and was a claim for 9d. against Mr. Watson, a musician, of Woodcut Hill, made by the London and South-Western Railway Company in respect to the carriage of the instrument in a guard's van. Mr. Watson refused to pay, as his instrument, he urged, was personal luggage.

On behalf of the company, Mr. Bishop, armed with a huge pile of law books, admitted that there was no decided English case in regard to the point. There was, however, an American action, in which two judges held that a concertina was not personal luggage.

The case was adjourned.

WORLD'S RECORD HORSE SHOW.

Greatest International Equine Exhibition Ever Seen in London.

London is to see the greatest horse show ever projected.

If present plans do not fail, it is to be run on American lines with English features, and "society" is expected to make it a great fashionable event.

"Our plans are yet in embryo," said Mr. Frank F. Euren, secretary of the Hackney Horse Society, "but we expect at least 1,000 entries of horses, valued at not less than £2,000,000, which will be seen at Olympia, the Crystal Palace, or some other very large suitable place."

A Reuter dispatch yesterday from New York stated that the Anglo-American Horse Show now seems assured, according to Mr. James T. Hyde, of the American National Association.

"While we expect at least 1,000 horses from America on a specially chartered steamer," said Mr. Euren to the *Daily Mirror* yesterday, "the show really will be international, for we have interested horsemen in Paris, Berlin, Brussels, Milan, and Vienna in the scheme.

"Prizes will be large enough to bring entries from all parts of the world. There will be about 500 English jumpers, saddle, and harness horses."

KINDNESS MISPLACED.

Pretended Blind Beggar Steals £120 from Woman Who Helps Her Across a Road.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, Thursday.—Mme. Josephine Robert, a lady of sixty-five, yesterday came to Paris, from her suburban home at Courbevoie, to receive her monthly pension from the Ministry of Finance.

With three bank-notes of £40 apiece, carefully shut up in her reticule, she proceeded to cross the Seine by the Arcole Bridge, when she saw a poor blind woman, trembling on the kerb, not daring to cross the busy street.

Mme. Robert took the woman by the arm and carefully conveyed her to the other side, received her grateful thanks, and went on her way.

A sudden misgiving, however, made her look for her money before she had gone many yards. It had disappeared! The lady retraced her steps, but the pseudo blind woman had vanished.

ANTI-VACCINATORS SHOULD BE GRATEFUL.

An applicant, asking Mr. Plowden, at Marylebone yesterday, for a certificate of exemption from vaccination, pointed out that he had been put to considerable inconvenience to attend the court, and suggested objectors should be allowed to make their applications for relief in writing.

Mr. Plowden replied that the objectors had quite sufficient to be grateful for as it was.

"PROPERTY" GHOSTS AT A SEANCE.

How a Spiritualistic Imposture Was
Brought to Light.

REMARKABLE STORY.

The many people who believe in spiritualistic séances will be rudely shocked by revelations of an exposure made in "Light," the organ of the occult sciences.

It refers to a person who has, during the past few months, been attracting attention among "psychic" investigators, and has been producing some most amazing results at séances attended by leading spiritualists.

If what purported to take place was genuine it was agreed that one of the most gifted mediums of modern times had arisen.

Forms came from a cabinet containing the medium, and advanced towards the "sitters," so as to be plainly seen in the subdued light that the medium's manager allowed.

Other mediums' materialisations which spiritualists hold have been proved beyond doubt take place in the dark.

Suspicion Aroused.

Suspicion was aroused in the minds of certain gentlemen interested in "phenomena," and a trap was laid for the medium.

The latter had been giving a séance at the house of Mr. Ronald Brailley, who is a clairvoyant, and a clairaudient, and skilled in "psychometry."

After the séance Mr. Brailley, at the suggestion of a friend, examined a chair, which the medium had left behind. The clairvoyant made the examination by "psychometry." He put his hand upon the chair and said: "There is a secret compartment here."

Then a more material examination was made, and an empty compartment was found, measuring 15in. by 2in.

"We determined," says Dr. A. Wallace, writing in "Light," "to put a stop at the next séance to further fraud."

When the medium again came upon the scene ready for a séance, arranged at Mr. Brailley's house in Elgin-crescent it was noticed by the "sitters" that the upholstery of the chair bulged.

A "sensitive" came forward and said, after examination by psychometry, that the chair contained "suspicious articles recently hidden in it."

Secret Compartment.

A key was procured, and the secret compartment was laid open.

Here is the best of what it contained:—
A collapsible dummy head made of pink stockinet, with flesh-coloured mask.

Six pieces of white china silk, thirteen yards long in all.

Two pieces of black cloth.

Three beads of various shades.

Two wigs, one white and one grey.

An extending metal coat-hanger for suspending drapery to represent a second form.

A small electric flashlight, to produce "spirit lights" in the cabinet when the medium and his "extender" were out.

This interesting collection is now at the offices of "Light."

Just as the exposure was made Dr. Wallace, who had been excluded from the medium's séances owing to his distrust of the medium, rushed into the room, accompanied by a friend, who is a detective.

In justice to spiritualists it should be emphasised that this exposure, which must have the effect of prejudicing their propaganda, was entirely organised and managed by themselves.

THE KAFFIR MARKET.

How Stocks Have Fallen, and How They Are
Beginning to Recover.

The following table shows the serious fall in the value of South African mining shares since the date of the general election up to the night of Monday, March 5. The rally set in on Tuesday, and in the third column is shown to what extent prices have recovered since then:—

	January 12.	March 5.	Yesterday.
Goldfields	6½	4½	4½
Rand Mines	7½	5½	6½
East Rand	7½	4½	5½
Chartered	5½	1½	2 21.33
Modderfontein ..	8½	6½	7½

CIVIL POWER SLAIN AT TILBURY.

The native crews of three P. and O. vessels at Tilbury marched round the docks yesterday singing and dancing. They wore strange garments, carried grotesque representations of birds, and dragged a mahogany car decked with artificial flowers.

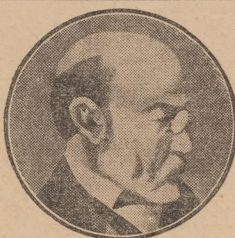
This car was eventually thrown into the Thames to signify the drowning of civil power.

M.P. AND BROTHER.

Sorcery Case Settled Out of Court on the
Judge's Suggestion.

The curious Chancery action brought by Mr. Joseph William Thomas against his brother, Sir Alfred Thomas, M.P., chairman of the Welsh parliamentary party, was settled yesterday on terms which have not been made public.

Mr. Thomas wished to set aside a certain trans-



Mr. Joseph Thomas, plaintiff.

action with his brother, which, he contended, had been entered into by him under "sorcery."

When the case was called on yesterday there was a consultation in Mr. Justice Joyce's private room, and the result was that Mr. Hughes, on behalf of Mr. Thomas, withdrew in open court all imputation against Sir Alfred, whose counsel, Mr. Rufus Isaacs, K.C., thanked his Lordship for the assistance he had rendered in bringing about an amicable settlement.

Justice Joyce: I am very glad to hear this mat-



Sir Alfred Thomas, M.P., defendant.

ter has been settled. I am clearly of opinion that there is no real ground for any imputation upon the honour of Sir Alfred Thomas.

VICTORY FOR THE DOCTOR.

Jury Decides That He Did Not Infect a Patient
with Scarlet Fever.

After several days' hearing before Mr. Justice A. T. Lawrence in the King's Bench Division, a question of great importance to the medical profession was decided yesterday.

Mr. Fletcher Crier, auctioneer, of Ealing, sued a local practitioner, Dr. Currie, and his partner, for damages on the allegation that Dr. Currie had conveyed scarlet fever to Mrs. Crier.

It was admitted that Dr. Currie, prior to receiving an urgent message to attend the plaintiff's wife, had been to a house, certified that children there were suffering from scarlet fever, and ordered their removal.

When he got home he disinfected himself and repeated the process on arrival at the Crier household.

After a retirement of an hour and ten minutes, the jury returned a verdict in favour of Dr. Currie.

£13,000 LIABILITIES—NO ASSETS.

Mr. E. G. Saunders, well-known in theatrical circles, of Garrick-street, W.C., stated at yesterday's meeting of his creditors that his liabilities amounted to about £13,000, and that he had no assets with the exception of a number of shares in the Waldorf Theatre Syndicate.

SECURED 125 PENSIONS.

"The soldier's friend," as John Woodhouse, aged eighty-three, describes himself, was fined for drunkenness at Windsor yesterday. Woodhouse claims that by correspondence with the War Office he has obtained 125 pensions for old soldiers.

£160,000 DEBTS IN ONE YEAR.

In the case of William White and Frederick T. Ross, who were remanded at Liverpool yesterday on grave forgery charges, the prosecution stated that White's insolvency rose from £40,000 last year to £200,000 this.

THE FURNITURE.

Duel of Wits Between Woman
Plaintiff and K.C.

AMUSING INCIDENTS.

Miss Ellen Jewell spent another day in the witness-box in connection with the famous "hire furniture case" in the King's Bench Division, yesterday, and was as vivacious as ever.

The Judge had to interpose at one point to rescue poor Mr. Dickens, K.C., from the hands of the young lady, whose impetuously charming tendency to speak out her mind, baffles the usual methods of cross-examination.

Mr. Dickens almost piteously entreated her not to "run away" from the "point," but in triumph she retorted, "I shall."

When Mr. Dickens began: "Did you point out"—the lady adroitly interposed: "No, I did not. There."

"What was it that you say you did not point



Mr. Sidney Oetzmman.

out?" inquired Mr. Dickens, with the air of a martyr.

Miss Jewell: I did not point out anything. There!

Counsel complained that "there" was no answer to his questions, and took him no farther.

Miss Jewell: I mean it when I say it. There!

Finally, the Judge spoke kindly yet firmly to the young lady, who would run away from the point.

Mr. Dickens was a very good-tempered man, his Lordship pointed out.

"Yes, he is," agreed Miss Jewell generously.

The Judge: Then you must endeavour not to try his temper.

Miss Jewell: I will try, my Lord.

The points from which Mr. Dickens was endeavouring to persuade the young lady "not to run away" were connected with Messrs. Oetzmman's attitude and actions at the time previous to the "seizure" of the hire-purchase furniture.

Miss Jewell complains that she was entitled to a quantity of this furniture, having paid sufficient instalments. Messrs. Oetzmman say that the agreements kept control of all the furniture until all the instalments were paid.

So far from having acted in an arbitrary and high-handed way, Mr. Dickens suggested, the furniture firm had refrained for a long time from taking the furniture back, although there had been arrears for three years. It was only, said Mr. Dickens, when Miss Jewell herself was afraid that the furniture might be taken by creditors, and herself suggested that some of it should be "stored," that Messrs. Oetzmman sent their panic-technicians.

But Miss Jewell, with her inflexible decision of manner, would not accept this view at all.

Did Not Understand Affidavits.

She did not understand the affidavits and documents. There!

More laughter was caused by the evidence of a witness who, wishing to get back to Barnstable, was allowed to go into the witness-box while Miss Jewell was taking a rest.

This witness, having married one of the Jewell family, was staying at Eastbourne in 1904. He saw the seizure, and thought the furniture-men "behaved like mudmen."

"This is the first time I have ever been in a police court," said the witness when he was corrected for following Miss Jewell's example, and getting along too fast.

Again he was corrected—court of justice; not police court.

He had not seen savage dogs set upon the furniture-men, he said. The dogs were not half as savage as the men. (Laughter.)

Mr. Lush: Do you know that one of the dogs shortly afterwards died of old age, or perhaps it was shocked?

Witness: One or two of them died before. Describing the panic-technicians, the witness said that they looked like Noah's Ark.

The case was again adjourned.

MAGISTRATE AGAINST CHILDREN'S COURTS.

"I have had a long experience of magisterial work, and I do not think children's police courts would be of the slightest advantage."—Mr. Curtis Bennett at Westminster Police Court yesterday.

LIFE OF FRAUD.

Twentieth Century Club Secretary Sentenced
to Penal Servitude.

Another stage in the astonishing career of Edward Vivian Warde, a man of considerable but misapplied ability, ended at the Old Bailey yesterday, when he was sentenced to five years' penal servitude.

The offence for which he received this punishment was the fraudulent conversion of property and the making of false entries in the books of the Twentieth Century Club, which, with the aid of Mr. George Herring, the well-known philanthropist, he was instrumental in founding in 1902.

In 1904 it was discovered that £900, money advanced by Mr. Herring to the club, had been misappropriated. Warde, who had been acting as private secretary to Mr. Herring, was dismissed from his post, but, on promising to repay the amount of his defalcations, £1,145, he was retained in the service of the club, although deprived of control over its finances.

A year later, however, it was found that he had made more misappropriations, his defalcations totalling £2,300, and that with part of the money he had opened a new club, the London and County Club. His appearance at the Old Bailey was the result.

The police gave a remarkable account of their previous dealings with him. In 1875, when a young man, he was sentenced at the Old Bailey, it was said, to five years' penal servitude for the theft of notes and money.

On being released he obtained a situation with Mr. Compton, a corn merchant, at Andover, eventually marrying Mr. Compton's sister.

He was set up in a business as a wine merchant in Piccadilly, Mr. Compton advancing him £13,000; but in 1889 became bankrupt, his liabilities amounting to £52,000.

PAWNING AS A PROFESSION.

Livelihood Earned by Saving the Pride of the Temporarily Embarrassed.

"She earns her living at pawning," said a woman in the Shoreditch County Court yesterday.

"She does what?" asked the Judge.

"You see," explained the woman, "she calls on the Monday morning all round the neighbourhood, and those that want to pawn their husband's things, or the children's boots, or so forth, give them to her, and she charges so much for it."

"She does very well out of it. You see they don't like to be always popping in."

"Then who gets them out?" asked the Judge.

"Why, bless you, she collects the money on the Saturday, and sees to that," was the answer.

GUINEAS FOR SNAPSHOTS.

Prize Awarded for a Striking Photograph of a
Broken Ship.

After the steamship Fearless broke in two in the Mersey a few days ago, the broken parts were banded up and the two halves of the unfortunate vessel were then towed into dock for repairs.

Mr. C. H. Walker, an enterprising amateur photographer, who lives at New Brighton, has sent in a snapshot of the incident in connection with the *Daily Mirror* competition, and has been awarded 10s. 6d. for his trouble. The photograph appears on pages 8 and 9.

Many interesting things may be seen daily throughout the country, of which amateurs can take photographs. The rules of the competition which we have organised for their especial benefit are as follows:—

For every photograph used we shall pay 10s. 6d., and, in addition, a prize of £2 3s. will be awarded every week to the person sending in the photograph which our readers consider the best.

Each reader may send in as many votes as he likes. All votes for this week must reach us on or before the first post Tuesday, the 13th inst.

D.M. PHOTOGRAPH COMPETITION.

I vote for the photograph numbered considering it the best amateur photograph published in the "Daily Mirror" during the week ending March 10, 1908.

Voter's Name

Address

.....

No negatives should be sent in. Only prints will be considered.

Each photograph should bear upon the back the competitor's name and address and the word "Competition," and be enclosed in an envelope marked "Photograph Competition."

A stamped and addressed envelope must be sent with each photograph if the sender desires it to be returned, but in no case will the Editor be responsible for the loss of photographs.

In order to simplify our system of book-keeping we shall only pay the money on the application of the photographer, whose name and address must appear on the *Daily Mirror*, and send it in with his request for payment.

THE WOMAN REMOVAL AGENT.

New and Promising Field for
Feminine Enterprise.

"MOVING" A PLEASURE.

One of the busiest women in London at the present time is Mrs. Arthur Holland; for not only is she the one lady house and estate agent in the kingdom, but she has also started a new line of work, and makes a speciality of house-to-house removals.

Her removal business is carried out on a new plan, everything—dismantling, packing, refixing, and rearranging—being done by a staff of twenty-three experienced ladies, under the supervision of a manageress. Only the actual work of handling the furniture is done by men.

Just now, when hundreds of people are moving or making arrangements to move, her trade is booming.

"I have already," said Mrs. Holland to the *Daily Mirror* yesterday during a lull in the day's rush, "carried out fully one hundred removals without a hitch. You see, the mover has absolutely nothing to worry about."

"Not only is the furniture transferred from one house to the other, but it is all unpacked, fixed, and arranged, exactly as the owner may desire, by my own ladies, and, what is more, when all this is done I have charwomen—in general the wives of the removal men—throughout to clean up the place in readiness for the tenants."

Clean as a New Pin.

"When they come in the house is 'as clean as a new pin,' and nothing remains to be done. A forewoman directs the entire removal."

"I undertake all decorative work, have carpets, etc., dyed, and adapt them and all fittings to the size of the rooms of the new house. A client has simply to go away, or stay at an hotel for a week at the most, and then all is ready."

"Nothing is too large or too small, whether it is a thirty-room house or a single room. I am now undertaking the removal of the contents of a town house with twenty bedrooms and six reception-rooms to Scotland, and in the summer I have to weed out some of the furniture of a Welsh mansion and bring it to London."

"I consider that the house agency and removal business opens up a new field for women," she concluded.

PAYMENT OF MEMBERS.

What Labour M.P.s Think of the Attitude of the Prime Minister.

Members of Parliament are not likely to receive salaries of £300 a year for some time yet.

The question, however, will not be allowed to drop; it will be kept alive, the *Daily Mirror* learns, by interrogations in the House at discreet intervals.

"I have been agitating for payment of members for the last twenty-six years," Mr. H. Broadhurst, senior M.P. for Leicester, said yesterday.

"Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's statement last night was exceedingly fair and reasonable, but I don't think the money question is so great a difficulty as it appears, because, if this Government does its work as well as we can, it will tap new sources of taxation from which the necessary funds would be forthcoming."

Opinions of Labour members expressed to the *Daily Mirror* yesterday are summarised as follows:—

Mr. A. Henderson (Barnard Castle): "In my opinion the forces are too strong to permit of the Government shelving the question, even if they desired."

Mr. Will Crooks (Woolwich): "It will come in time. I am not as keen individually as I am collectively on payment of members."

Mr. T. Glover (St. Helens): "If the Premier had the money I think he would find the time, and I think the later will come before the life of this Government is out. The matter will be pressed forward next session."

LOCKED-OUT VICAR.

"Private" Chapel Not a Public Place of Worship
Within the Meaning of the Law.

The interesting problem as to whether a landowner has control over a "private" chapel on his own estate was determined by Mr. Justice Buckley yesterday.

The chapel over which the action was raised was that on the Waddeton Court estate, the Devonshire seat of Colonel Wright Studdy.

The vicar of Stoke Gabriel, Devon, complained to the Court that he had been locked out of the chapel. He claimed the right of access, and asked the Court for a declaration that the edifice was a public place of worship.

Mr. Justice Buckley decided against the vicar.

LAST NIGHT'S NEWS ITEMS.

Lord Rosebery left London yesterday for Genoa, where he will embark on a yachting cruise.

The Lord Mayor will entertain the Japanese Ambassador at lunch to-day at the Mansion House.

Dr. Rendel Harris was yesterday, at Birmingham, elected president of the Free Church Council.

The record catch of 125 royal sturgeon was landed at Grimsby yesterday by the trawler *Ulster*, and realised £180.

Lord Curzon yesterday denied the widely-circulated report that he had taken Warwick Castle for a term of years.

In the annual report of the City Corporation's Lunatic Asylum at Stone it is stated that a profit of £1,500 was made last year on the treatment of private patients.

Since breaking his fast on Saturday, Herr Sacco informs the *Daily Mirror* he has gained 25lb. in weight, and he feels so well that he is journeying to Cologne to see his family.

The Guardians of St. George's, Hanover-square, have applied to the Local Government Board for leave to pay an extra £50 to one of their officials, who has worked 618 hours overtime.

Praying the King to grant Home Rule to Ireland, an address from the House of Representatives and a resolution of the Senate of Australia were issued last night as a parliamentary White-paper.

A public-house reported for compensation by the Stockton magistrates belongs to the vicar and churchwardens of Billingham, Durham, and is leased to a firm of brewers for £50 a year, which is devoted to parochial purposes.

The late Earl of Milltown's collection of art treasures, valued at £100,000, is being transferred to the National Gallery, Dublin.

By the bursting of a boiler of a pumping engine at West Basset, Cornwall, yesterday, a stoker was killed and the engine-house wrecked.

Near the Angel, Islington, yesterday, fires broke out simultaneously at a railway parcels office and at an engineer's premises on the opposite side of the street.

Earl Russell—who had been three times previously convicted for driving his motor-car at excessive speed—was fined £15 and costs yesterday for the same offence at Kingston-on-Thames.

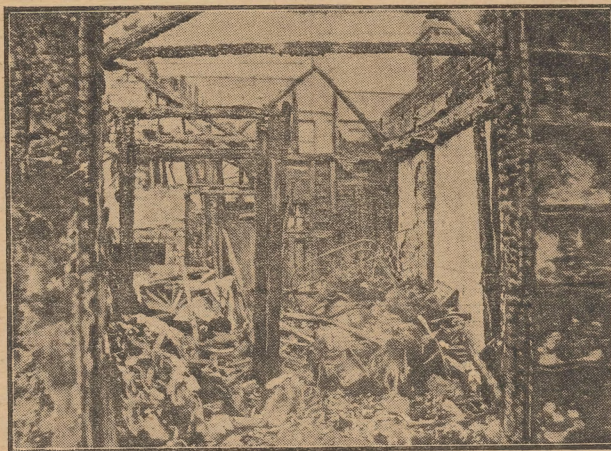
Mr. Justice Grantham, accompanied by the Recorder, the Common Sergeant, and several members of the City Corporation, paid a visit of inspection yesterday to the new Central Criminal Court, Old Bailey.

A large plate-glass shop-window, which workmen were placing in a first-floor shop-window in Ludgate-hill yesterday afternoon, fell about 25ft., and although the street was crowded no one was injured.

The spring cleaning of the church at Broadchurch, Worcester, has been carried out by the congregation, directed by the Hon. Mrs. Britten and Mrs. Lord. The curate played the organ during the cleaning.

To show the rich conditions under which the poor of the East End work an exhibition will be held in the Queen's Hall in May, when the demoralising features of "sweating dens" will be realistically demonstrated.

FATAL FIRE AT WALTHAMSTOW.



Ruins of a cottage at Walthamstow where an old woman was burnt to death before the Fire Brigade could effect a rescue.

The production of "The Candidate" at Wyndham's Theatre has been postponed to March 21.

Mr. John Evans, of Min-y-don, Barmouth, who has just died, had read the Bible through twelve times.

The Rev. P. E. T. Widdington, M.A., a Socialist, has accepted the important living of St. Peter's, Coventry.

Of 980 rate-defaulters, a list of whom was brought before the West Ham magistrate yesterday, about forty are passive resistors.

A resident of Omaha, U.S.A., has left about £1,000 to the city funds "for the relief of citizens burdened by the growing city taxes."

Mr. J. T. Grein will lecture on "Henry Irving; His Life and Work" at the Women's Institute, Westminster, next Monday evening.

James Duff, a farmer, of Ohio, has applied for a divorce from his wife on the ground that she chloroformed him while asleep, in order to rifle his pockets.

The accounts for the financial year just closing will show that the amount expended in wages at Chatham Dockyard has been £50,000 less than was provided for in the Estimates.

The first private telephone from Newcastle to London came into use yesterday, when Messrs. Todd and Gregory opened up direct communication with London over a wire leased from the Post Office.

M. Guesnet, president of the French Federation of Fire Brigades, presented a loving-cup to the Westminster City Council yesterday from the federation in commemoration of the visit paid by the councillors to the federation premises when in Paris recently.

On the opening day of the Aldwych and Islington subway tramway the sum of £71 was taken in fares.

A little Austrian boy, found homeless in Hull, declared his mother told him he could walk from that place to America.

Pastor Thomas Spurgeon, of the Metropolitan Tabernacle, will preach at Tremont Temple, Boston, U.S.A., throughout next July and August.

Lord Elgin received a deputation of merchants and shippers interested in West Africa, who sought to enlist Government co-operation in its development.

Because she was disobedient, Beatrice Reynolds, a Nottingham woman, burned her little girl about the body with a poker. She was yesterday fined 20s.

The London Trades Council will organise a May Day demonstration of London workers on May 1, for which day many of the trade unions propose to declare a holiday.

Beaumaris, Anglesey, and other towns are petitioning the Office of Works to reduce the tolls levied at the Menai Suspension Bridge. The toll for a motor-car is 2s.

Two Brighton boarding-houses have successfully applied for licences for the sale of alcoholic liquors on condition that no bar is to be erected and that only persons residing on the premises are to be supplied.

Mr. Percy Alden, M.P., has given notice that he will ask the Prime Minister whether, in view of the fact that Germany, following the example of England, has decided largely to increase her navy, he will take the first opportunity of approaching the German Government with a view to the simultaneous reduction of armaments by negotiations.

THEATRES AND MUSIC-HALLS.

ADELPHI.—Manager, Otho Stuart.—Last Night, TO-NIGHT, at 8.15, A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM. MAT, Every Wed. and Sat., at 2.15. On TUESDAY, 10 to 12. No fees. Box 1777 Ger. MAT, Wed. and Sat., Tel. 2645 Gerrard.

HIS MAJESTY'S THEATRE. MR. TREE, TO-NIGHT, and EVERY EVENING, at 8.15. By Stephen Phillips.

MATINEE EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. 2.15. Box Office (Mr. Watts), 10 to 12. No fees. Tel. 1777 Ger.

IMPERIAL. MR. LEWIS WALLER, TO-NIGHT, and EVERY EVENING, at 8.15.

BRIGADIER GERARD. By ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE. MATINEE WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 2.30.

ST. JAMES'S. GEORGE ALEXANDER, TO-NIGHT, 8 sharp, in a New Comedy.

HIS HOUSE IN ORDER. By A. W. Pinero. MATINEE EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.

NEW ROYALTY. THEATRE FRANCAIS. Director, Mr. Gaston Mayer.

LAST THREE NIGHTS OF THE SEASON. TO-NIGHT and TO-MORROW, at 8.15 precisely, CHAM-PAIGN, supported by an increased and distinguished company. MATINEE TO-MORROW, at 2.15, CHAMPAIGN, MAL-GRÉ LUI.

WALDORF.—Lessee, The Messrs. Shubert. Mr. CYRIL MAUDE and Miss WINIFRED EMERY.

TO-NIGHT and EVERY EVENING, at 8.30. SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER. MATINEE Every Wed. and Sat., at 2.30. Box-office 10 to 10. Tel. 3830 Gerrard.

WYNDHAM'S. CHARLES WYNDHAM. Nightly, at 8.55. Matinee Saturdays, at 2.30. CHAIRMAN DRIVEN ON by H. H. Davies.

LAST 8 NIGHTS. Charles Wyndham's Marion Terry, and Mary Moore. At 8.50, The American Widow. Doors open at 8. N.B.—On Wednesday, March 21, will be revived THE CANDIDATE.

COLISEUM. Charing Cross. THRICE DAILY, at 3 p.m., 6 p.m., and 9 p.m.

SNEER, FLORENCE ST. JOHN and C. EUGENE STRATTON. MABEL LOVE, M. R. MORAN, MAUDIE TEMPLE, MR. RICHARD GREEN, Mrs. BROWN-POTTER, MILLIE HYLTON, LA MASCOTTE, etc. Prices from 6d. to 2 Guineas.

LONDON HIPPODROME. TWICE DAILY, at 2 and 8 p.m.

"AMONG THE STARS, MENETKELL!" HERBERT LLOYD, IMPERIAL, RUSSIAN TROUPE, LAVALETTE, LEE, GENARO and THEO. THE POSSUTIS GAL-LELANDO BROS., ANDERSSON, RIGOLE, PIERCE, VASCO, ALEXANDRE and BERTIE, LUX'S DOGS, ALEXANDRE and HUGHES, THE LABAKANS, SISTERS GASCH, VILLANI and BROS., SUTCLIFFE FAMILY, FROBEL and RUGE, Etc.

AMUSEMENTS, CONCERTS, ETC.

CRYSTAL PALACE. TO-DAY. Six o'clock Promenade Concert. Miss Jessie Wood and Mr. David Evans. Musical company. Message from Messrs. at 7.45 p.m. Asphalt Skating Rink. Military Band. Organ Recitals, etc., etc. To-morrow (Saturday), at 3.30, Special Violin Recital by Missa Elmar. Seats, 5s., 3s., 2s., and 1s.

ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS, Argyl-st., W. LAST WEEKS. LAST WEEKS. Over 200 Performing Animals. Daily, 3 and 8. Prices, 1s. to 5s. Children half-price to all parts. Box-office, 10 to 10. Tel. 4139 Ger.

MASKELVINE and DEVANT'S MYSTERIES (late Maskelyne and Cooked). St. George's Hall, Leicester-square, W. Daily, at 3 and 8. £50 Prize for Best Title of a New Trick. The usual brilliant programme. Seats, 1s. to 5s. Children half-price. Phone, 1545, Mayfair.

OUR NAVY and OUR ARMY. POLYTECHNIC Regent-street, Daily, at 3. Seats, 1s., 2s., 3s., 4s. Children half-price.

QUEEN'S HALL. TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock. MATINEE TO-DAY (Friday), at 5. CREATORE and HIS BAND from America.

Mrs. BARILL, Soprano Soloist. Special Feature Numbers Every Concert. TO-NIGHT, "Mignon Serlet" Lucia and "Damnation of Faust." Tickets 5s., 2s., and 1s., at Queen's Hall. Usual Agents and N. VERT, 6, Cork-st., W.

MARKETING BY POST.

BREAKFAST Delicacies.—George Young and Sons, Ltd., Teignmouth, Devonshire, offer (rail paid) 46lb. side of fatigum mild-cured ham, 10s. 6d.; 10lb. side of fatigum mild-cured ham, 5s. 6d.; 10lb. choice Dorset salted butter, 1s. 10d. lb.

FISH (Live).—Bad fish is dear at any price; good fish is cheap at our price. We deliver, at postage paid, 6lb. fish, 11lb. fish, 14lb. fish, for 2s.; 9lb., 2s. 6d.; 11lb., 2s.; 14lb., 3s. 6d.; send today one trial order.—London and Provincial Fish Co., Grimsby.

FISH.—Order direct to ensure finest quality and value; 6lb., 2s.; 9lb., 2s. 6d.; 11lb., 3s.; 14lb., 3s. 6d.; 21lb., 6s.; carriage paid; dressed for cooking; prompt delivery; no inferior quality; schools, convales, institutions, note; list particulars free; salted cured fish.—Star Fish Co., Grimsby. Quoted Express.

POULTRY.—Roasting Fowls, Ducks, 4s. 6d. pair; trussed; real shankbone, 6d., 1s. boxes.—Cattle O'Regan, Square, Ross-street.

HOUSES, OFFICES, ETC., TO LET.

HOUSES and Mansions.—The best ever built, want to be seen to be appreciated; select neighbourhood; low rents; tasteful decorations; houses from £25 p.w. mansions from £15 p.w. clean, bright, airy, with gas, service to City and West End; electric trains to the bridges pass estate.—To view and for further particulars, apply to Agent, J. Ameybury, Strat-ham-hill.

WITHOUT CAPITAL.—At one time a man required a large capital before being able to start a business; he can now do it with its rent.—The Manager, 72, Bishopsgate-at-Will-ow, London, E.C., will be pleased to furnish particulars post free on application.—Mention "Daily Mirror."

DENTISTRY.

FREE Teeth.—The Free Teeth Association has been founded to supply Teeth free to the deserving poor, and to supply those of limited means and servants by small weekly payments.—For forms of application apply by letter, Free Teeth Association, 177, Westminster Bridge-road, London, S.E.

TEETH.—A complete set, £1; single teeth, 2s. 6d. each; sets complete in four hours if required; American Crown and Bridge work; all repairs; all work done with gas, 2s. 6d.—The People's Teeth Association, 138, Strand, London, W.C.

FLATS WANTED.

LIFORD or Forest Gate.—Wanted, within 10 minutes of station, 4-roomed flat (3 in family).—Full particulars to Box 1,038, "Daily Mirror," 12, Whitefriars, E.C.

GARDENING.

POTATOES, 3s. 112lb.; lists free.—Cross and Son, Wisbech.

NOTICE TO READERS.

The Editorial, Advertising, and General Business Offices of the *Daily Mirror* are—
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LONDON, E.C.
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TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "Reflected," London.
PARIS OFFICE: 3, Place de la Madeleine.

Daily Mirror

FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1906.

HOSPITALS FOR THE FAIRLY WELL-TO-DO.

EVERYONE agrees that our hospital system is unsatisfactory. The hospitals were founded for the benefit of the very poor. Yet a large proportion of the patients whom they treat are people fairly well-off.

The reason for this lies, not in any selfish desire on the part of the fairly well-to-do to be treated "on the cheap," but in the expensive nature of surgical operations, and in the increasing frequency with which they are performed.

Twenty years ago it was unusual to meet anyone who had been operated upon. Nowadays it is unusual to meet anyone who has not been through the ordeal. Instead of talking about the weather to comparative strangers, we now compare notes as to nursing homes, the skill of surgeons, and how it feels to have large bits of the body carved away.

But although operations have grown more common, they have not become any cheaper. If anything their price has gone up.

It happens, therefore, that a great many people who are neither rich nor poor are faced by a serious dilemma when they are told that their lives depend upon their undergoing an operation. They must either try to borrow the 100 guineas which the surgeon will charge, and at least another £50 for nursing expenses, or else they must go into a hospital.

They do not want to cast themselves upon charity. They would much rather pay if they could. The trouble is they cannot afford the very large sum which is required for the private performance of the cure; and there is no way by which they could pay according to their means.

Mr. Sydney Holland, who has done so much for the London Hospital by his never-tiring energy and enterprise, proposes that a paying hospital should be started for the benefit of such people—such an institution as exists in all cities of any size both in the United States and in our own Colonies.

Into these hospitals

Patients are admitted on payment of a charge which varies from a few shillings for a bed in a ward to many pounds for a suite of apartments. Any recognised surgeon can attend a patient in them; and the surgeon's fee is a matter of private arrangement between himself and the patient.

Certainly it would be an excellent plan to build several such hospitals in London, whether they were built as private speculations or by the municipality, as in most American and Colonial towns. But even these would hardly solve the problem of the "neither rich nor poor" faced by the necessity of a 100-guinea operation.

Imagine a £200 a year clerk taken to such a hospital under private management. He would send for one of the only three or four men capable of dealing with his case, and would ask him how much he charged. The reply would naturally be, "A hundred guineas." Why not? The clerk would have to appeal to charity after all!

What really does seem to be wanted is a system under which the present hospitals should charge all patients according to their means.

The very poor would still be treated for nothing. The rest would all be assessed according to their incomes. Thus a man who was making £200 a year (or his wife or child) would pay, say, £10 for an operation; a £500 a year man would pay £25; a £1,000 a year man £50; and so on. That plan would be perfectly fair to the patients, and it would greatly relieve the anxieties of hospital managers.

The hospitals would still be "supported by voluntary contributions" to some extent, but they would not need nearly so much money as they have to beg for at present.

A THOUGHT FOR TO-DAY.

Enthusiasts without capacity are the really dangerous people.—Lichtenberg.

THIS MORNING'S GOSSIP.

THE member for the Wirral Division of Cheshire, Mr. William Lever, has plunged the House of Commons into a reconsideration of one of its perennial problems. Motions for a revival of the payment of members have cropped up, every now-and-then, ever since the practice was discontinued. The last instance of formal payment of a member occurred in 1881. Now, at last, "a return to the wholesome practice of former times," to use the phrase quoted in the House by Mr. Lever, is apparently close upon us.

Mr. Lever quoted a revival of the question that took place in 1780. But there are several more modern instances, most of them far more significant of the change that has come over public opinion on the matter. In 1870, for instance, Mr. Peter Taylor introduced a Bill for payment. It was rejected by 211 to 24, and in 1888 a similar motion by Mr. Fenwick was lost by 122 to 185. Now the "principle" (conveniently vague phrase!) has been accepted by a majority of 238. Times, in Mr. Atterley Jones's true, if obvious, remark, have certainly changed, and the penniless politician can at last begin to hope.

In reading the debates on this question in the House one noticed how almost all the speakers seemed to imply that the principle of payment, just as it is now put forward, is an old one. But that is not so, as Mr. Cecil, the member for Aston Manor, pointed out. Formerly their constituents, not the State, used to pay members. And constituencies used, in consequence, frequently to find

has always been astonishing, and it showed itself in promising fashion when he was only a boy. One of his schoolmasters, it is said, started a class for geology, and told all his pupils to bring some stones as specimens in order that he might explain their nature to them. It was characteristic of "Charlie" that he contented himself with bringing an old brick. The master took up all the "specimens" one by one. "This," he said, "is a piece of mail; this is sandstone; this feldspar; and this"—holding up the brick—"is a piece of impudence from Charles Schwab."

Subsequent "pieces of impudence" have brought Mr. Schwab on in the world. But the step which gave him the proverbial first chance is perhaps deserving of the kinder name of courage. The chance came to him when he was a grocery clerk in Braddock, Pennsylvania, serving behind the counter with his brain full of stimulating visions of trusts—steel, oil, and the like. Unexpectedly, one day in 1881, one of Mr. Carnegie's superintendents, known well by sight to young Schwab, entered the shop to buy something. The young man did not hesitate a moment. He immediately implored a job. "Can you drive stakes?" Yes, he could do that, or anything else, with enthusiasm. "Can you work for a dollar a day?" said the steel magnate, more drily. The question was answered just as eagerly. "Then come along." Thus Schwab was given his chance "right there."

Gabriele d'Annunzio has, I hear from Italy, just read his new play to the manager of the theatre in Rome where it is to be produced. D'Annunzio

THROUGH THE "MIRROR,"

LEGAL WIGS.

Your excellent pictures of the hire-purchase case make me ask once again why Judges and counsel in the Law Courts should still be forced to wear those stupid, antiquated, rusty-looking wigs.

They make a man look ridiculous. They make him bald. They prevent the blood from circulating properly in his head, and therefore his brain from working properly. Perhaps that is why counsel are often so dull and Judges so feebly humorous. Surely we have outgrown such a childish folly as "dressing up" in order to look imposing and to impress the unintelligent who do not see through such mummery.

Savoy Hotel.

DOES MAN POSSESS A FREE WILL?

My own experience says "Yes." I know that when I have done anything that I knew to be wrong there has always been a moment when I had to decide between temptation and conscience. Everyone must have felt this, I should think. We are not driven to do wrong by blind impulse. We deliberately choose to sacrifice our principles to our pleasure, and then afterwards we bitterly repent.

Possibly 'this is not "free will," but it seems to me to be very much like it.

Sloane-street, S.W. ARTHUR TREVAILE.

"F. FORBES-PHILLIPS AND THE CHURCH.

If H. A. B.'s statement that "Mr. Forbes-Phillips's views are shared by many of the most enlightened and distinguished clergy of the Church

FRANCE AND GERMANY (aside): "I HOPE THEY WON'T LET US GO."



This is how the "Brooklyn Eagle" hits off the situation at Algieras. France and Germany, it suggests, although both adopt threatening attitudes, are really most anxious to avoid war.

a member too great a luxury. In the middle ages boroughs very often petitioned to be excused sending a representative to Parliament, because they could not afford the modest 4s. a day fixed as a fee for a knight of the shire, or the 2s. for a citizen or burgess.

In consequence of this grudging tendency on the part of boroughs, some members graciously descended to accept smaller sums, and we hear in 1463 that Sir John Strange—a public spirited or greedy fellow—agreed, for instance, to take a "barrel of herrings" instead of the usual wage. One may suppose Sir John lived on herrings during the session.

A correspondent writes from Dublin:—"The season here is likely to prove rather more successful than was at one time expected. Some weeks ago it was feared that Lord and Lady Aberdeen would be viewed with little cordiality by the Unionist Party in Ireland, but happily this anticipation has not been realised. Dublin is fuller than it has been for some time past. The hotels are doing well, and the various tradespeople who are affected by the Castle season have little to complain of."

Millionaires ought to have constitutions of iron—or perhaps one ought to say of steel, since they deal so largely in that commodity—if they are to endure the anxieties of their positions. One is not surprised to hear, however, that they share the physical infirmities of lesser men. Mr. Charles Schwab, the steel magnate, for instance, is now suffering from a nervous collapse; Mr. Rockefeller always wears a hunted look, and his digestion—or rather the lack of it—is almost as notorious as his lack of hair. Yes, to be a millionaire is, undoubtedly, very wearing work.

"Charlie" Schwab is, however, an example of one who might have been least expected to give way through any want of nerve. His "cheek"

always makes a point of being very secretive about his works, and nobody but the manager and the author are supposed to know anything about this one. Things will leak out, however, and it appears that the play is called "More Than Love," and is a tragedy of modern life.

With reference to things theatrical in Italy it is worth mentioning, by the way, that Eleonora Duse is soon to appear there in Maeterlinck's strange little play, "The Death of Tintagiles." This, you may remember, is simply the story—a story with a rather obvious symbolism—of a little boy who is spirited away in a lonely castle by some vague and cruel being who lives in it. Mme. Duse's part is that of the boy's sister, who endeavours to protect him from his mysterious enemy.

A TALE OF WOOL.

The "Daily News" is moved to indignation by the refusal of the authorities to allow two allies from Russia—David Rabinowitz, a deserter from the Tsar's army, and Stig Gittelmacher, a capmaker—to land on our shores. It is, says the Liberal organ, "a wicked shame."

Oh, listen to a tale of base brutality!
Could any cruelty, any crime, be blacker?
England deserves hospitality
To poor Rabinowitz and Gittelmacher.

You say our English unemployed are numerous;
It pains me vastly more to think that it's
A situation anything but humorous
For Gittelmacher and Rabinowitz.

To be turned back just as they'd got a foot upon
Old England's shore! That man must be a pig
Who does not feel that we have grossly put upon
Deserter David and capmaker Stig.

The path of freedom has been made too steep for you
By harsh, tyrannical, unfeeling laws,
Oh, luckless Stig, oh, David! See I weep for you,
With sobs I plead your melancholy cause.

HAM.

of England," be correct, then it is high time that these gentlemen set to work to revise the Prayer Book. The thirty-nine Articles require reducing to thirty-eight by the omission of Article IV., which, it is alleged, is "opposed to the conclusions of science," and "only useless lumber."

Furthermore, "Hymns Ancient and Modern" requires renovating, or else in a few weeks' time these distinguished gentlemen may have their intelligence offended by such words as:—

On the Resurrection morning
Soul and body shall meet again.

Nottingham.

BEEHAN.

"H. A. B." writes: "The belief in the resurrection of a 'solid substantial body' is not only opposed to the conclusions of science, but to the teaching of Scripture in the main."

I think that our Lord Himself took the greatest pains to assure His Disciples that He reappeared amongst them as "a solid, substantial body." He asked them, for instance, "Have ye any meat?" We have yet to learn that a spirit can eat food.

Felixstowe.

FIDES.

IN MY GARDEN.

MARCH 8.—Every gardener should study the insect pests which invade all gardens. They are generally more numerous in uncared-for and untidy gardens. Where everything is kept neat and clean, insects seldom get the upper hand.

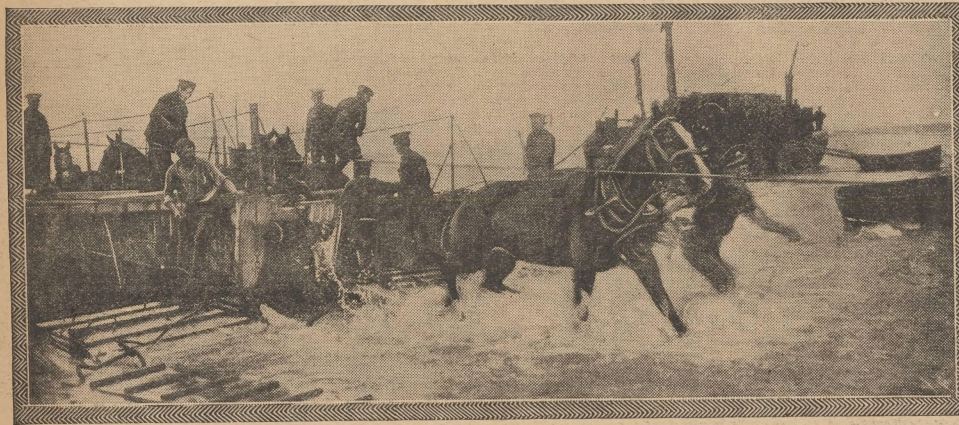
First comes the slug; the damage it does is enormous. Lime sprinkled on the soil in the evening (to damp one for choice) will do much good. Wireworms are best got rid of by digging up the ground and picking them out.

The green-fly, always found on roses in the summer, can be destroyed by syringing the plants with a solution of soft soap. Ants are also often seen on roses, but they are really after the greenflies, not the flowers!

E. F. I.

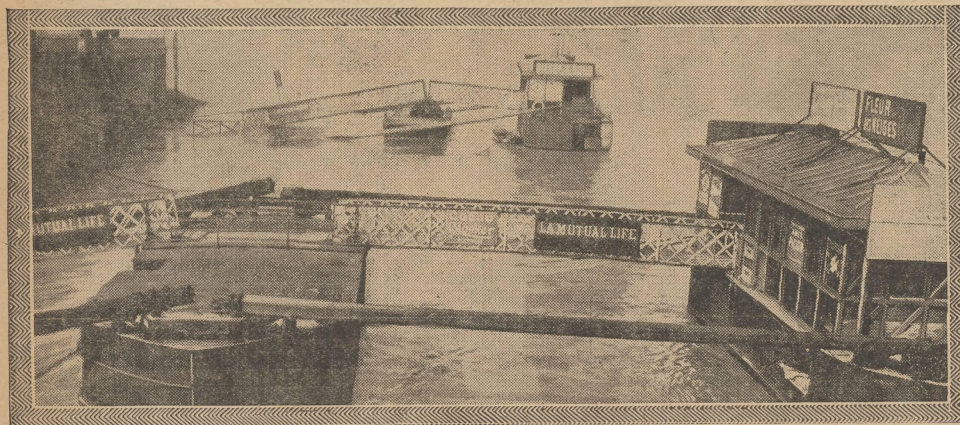
PICTORIAL NEWS.

NAVAL MANŒUVRES ON SOUTHSEA BEACH.



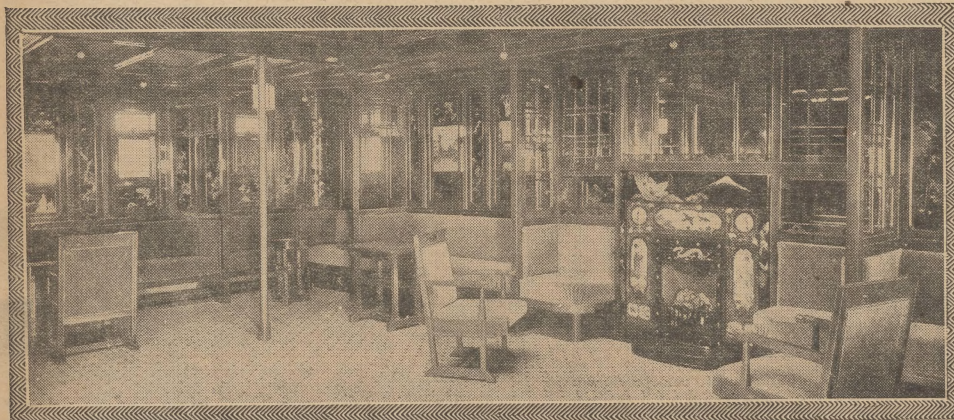
Army Service Corps landing-drill on Southsea beach. The photograph shows the horses being led ashore from the horse-floats. The wagons are on the barge in the rear.—(Cribb.)

FLOODS ON THE SEINE STOP NAVIGATION AT PARIS.



For many years the Seine has not been so high as at present, the floods in the upper reaches having now reached Paris. Many of the bridges are closed to navigation, and, as is seen in the photograph, the floating landing-stages are cut off from the banks.

LUXURY ON THE NEW ATLANTIC LINER NIEUW AMSTERDAM.

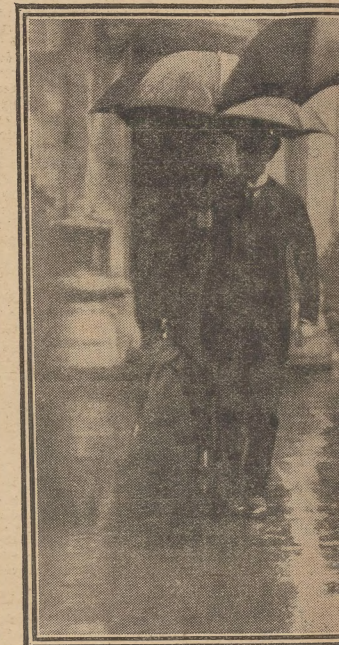


View of the Japanese tearoom, a new feature in ocean luxury introduced in the s.s. Nieuw Amsterdam, built by Messrs. Harland and Wolff, at Belfast.

HIRE-PURCHASE

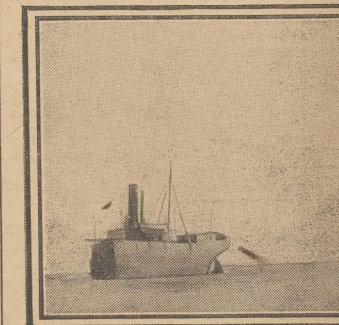


The three Miss Jewells, two of whom are plaintiffs, with reference to furniture on hire.



Mr. Percy Oetzmann, one of the defendants.

No. 26.—AMATEUR PH



Amateur photographers are invited to send each one used 10s. 6d. will be paid, and every picture adjudged by our readers to be the best sent by Mr. C. H. Walker, 49, Victoria-road, which was run down

FURNITURE CASE.

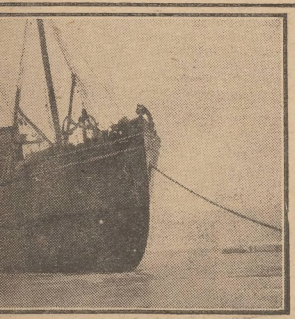


tion brought against Messrs. Oetzmann
ments. Miss Ellen Jewell is in the centre.



ght by the Misses Jewell, leaving the Law

ERS' COMPETITION.



photographs to the *Daily Mirror*. For
prize will be awarded to the sender of the
upon is to be found on page 5. No. 26,
shows the two halves of the s.s. Fear-
ing stranded at low water.

BELGIAN ATHLETES AT CAMBRIDGE.



On the University grounds at Cambridge the Athletic and Running Club of Brussels met King's and Third Trinity Colleges in compe-
tition. (1) J. Stead winning the long jump for Cambridge. (2) Dupont clearing 5ft. 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. and winning the high jump for Belgium. (3)
Snapshot in the half-mile—Belgium leading. (4) The relay race. (5) Finish of the half-mile, won by A. E. D. Anderson for Cam-
bridge—time, 2min. 9 2-5sec.

THE COUNTESS OF JERSEY'S CHILDREN'S HAPPY EVENINGS ASSOCIATION.



Nearly twenty-two thousand children each week enjoy a happy evening through the association of which the Countess of Jersey is presi-
dent. At the Virginia-road Schools, at Shoreditch, where the above photographs were taken, Mrs. Bland Sutton (wearing white blouse
and black hat) teaches the children to play rationally. (1) A tug-of-war. (2) Fishing lessons. (3) Ring-a-ring-of-roses.

By Right of Love.

By ALICE and CLAUDE ASKEW.

CHARACTERS IN THE STORY.

PAUL CHESTER, a clever, handsome young man, with great political ambitions.
LADY SUSAN CHESTER, his wife.
THE DUKE and DUCHESS OF BERKSHIRE, the coming Prime Minister and his beautiful wife.
RUPERT TEMPLE, the Duke's private secretary.
LORD ROBERT AYLMER, cousin to Lady Susan Chester, whom he loves.

CHAPTER XVII.

Rupert Temple never forgot his first impression of Lady Susan Chester. She had come rushing down the great oak stairs of her home, and had almost flung herself upon him as he stood in the large front hall, her face pale and distraught, her eyes blind with pain.

"My husband—my husband!" Her shrill, loud cry had rung through his ears, and he had shivered because of her suffering, realising how deeply, how tremendously this woman must love Chester.

"Tell me that he is alive—only that—say he is alive!" She clutched Rupert by his shoulder, and he wondered that those slim, white fingers should have such strength in them, noticing at the same time the exquisite colour of Susan's corn-gold hair, a tress of which had uncoiled itself as she ran down the stairs, and was waving down her back like fine floss silk.

"You mustn't agitate yourself," he began, marvelling at the intuition which had warned the woman that all was not well with her husband, for he had specially cautioned the butler to say nothing that might alarm his mistress.

"Yes, Sue, dear, darling Sue, you must be calm." Millicent, who had followed on her sister's heels, threw her arm about the other's waist, but Susan shook the young girl off impatiently.

"Answer me at once!" she cried, addressing Rupert imperiously. "Is Paul alive or is he dead?"

"He is alive," returned Rupert gently, "but he is very, very ill. There has been an accident."

"Alive!" Susan repeated the word, and her whole face lit up and became shining and luminous. "Oh, thank God!" she muttered. "He is not dead—not beyond my reach." Her clutch on Rupert's shoulder intensified till her grip became painful. "You said he was ill," she went on, "very ill. Does that mean that he is not going to recover, or were you only frightening me?"

She glanced at him with wild eyes, and she quivered from head to foot. Yet she was very lovely in her grief and her tears, and Rupert Temple recognised this.

"I had better tell you the truth, Lady Susan," he said quietly. "There is very little chance that your husband will recover from the injuries that he received in a motor-car accident this afternoon. But, still, whilst there is life there is hope."

He thought to himself even as he said the words of comfort that it might be better for this pale, sweet woman if her husband died. For he remembered that he had left Henrietta at Helmsworth, hanging over Paul Chester's bed in a very fever of despair and dread; also, that when some glimmerings of consciousness had come back to the sufferer at the time when the doctors were examining his injuries he had murmured Henrietta's name—and not his wife's.

"I must go to him—I must go to him at once," Susan appeared to brace herself up as she spoke. A certain calmness of manner returned to her. She ceased to grip Rupert's shoulder, and fell a little back from him.

"What train can we catch?" she murmured. "For I must reach him to-night. Oh, surely God won't let him die before I get to him. Milly!"

She turned on her sister, and once more a wild, distraught look gleamed out of her eyes. "I thought I was unhappy an hour ago, but I was wrong, I was the happiest woman on earth had I only known it—but now—oh, God, if I'm left to live on without him—"

She broke into a passion of helpless sobs, but she shrank back from Milly's comforting, walking up and down the hall like a tortured creature, uttering short, broken cries.

"Why don't you tell me when the train goes," she cried impatiently, "the train which will take me to Helmsworth? Don't you realise that we are wasting precious moments?"

She clasped her hands tightly together, and her teeth settled down on her lip.

"I came here by motor-car," began Rupert. "It's so difficult to fit in trains—almost hopeless at this hour. But I could drive you back in the motor-car. The chauffeur is up to his work, and with luck we ought to be at Helmsworth by dawn."

Susan nodded her head in acquiescence; then she glanced up at Rupert, and he was sorry and more than sorry for the dazed look in her eyes.

"The dawn? That's when most people die—at the dawn—isn't it, just when the tide goes out?"

He didn't know how to answer such a question, but had the wise thought of pulling out his watch and pretending to consult the hour.

"We ought to start at once," he said. "Can't you go upstairs and put on some thick dress? It's a freezing night."

Susan shook her head.

"I won't change—there isn't time," she muttered. "He may be dying as we speak."

She shuddered, then glanced over her shoulder at her sister.

"Milly, bring down my big fur cloak, my furs,"

she said slowly, "and something to wrap about my head."

In a little while the motor-car had started. The moon was out—a dazzling white moon—and the spirit of frost was in the air.

It was a small car with seats for two behind, and for one—the chauffeur—in front, and it travelled at a good pace, though not fast enough for Susan. She would have liked to have flown through the air—to have been suddenly gifted with wings, with which she might have sped her swift way to her husband.

She was hardly conscious for some time of the man who sat opposite to her, nor did she take any notice when Rupert adjusted the great bear-skin rug about her knees and pulled her heavy fur cloak more closely over her shoulders. For she was possessed—this woman—with but one idea, one thought, and that was to throw her arms about Chester and tell him that she loved him—tell him this before he died.

She had forgotten, in the strange and wonderful way that women forget, the cold and unsatisfactory relations of her married life—the inexplicable change that had come over her husband during their honeymoon; also the bitterness of the day—her wedding-day, too, of all days—when her favourite sister had told her a certain bitter truth—told her that Paul was only marrying her for the sake of her social position.

She had almost died as Lady Agnes said the fatal words—the sister who was so much older than herself, but in whom she implicitly believed and trusted.

It was for her own good, she had felt certain, that Louisa had spoken, and perhaps she was not aware what agony her words inflicted; also Susan had answered her with a brave lie, for she had replied that if Paul Chester was marrying her because of her rank she was marrying him because of his money. For not even to the sister of whom she was so passionately fond would Susan confess the truth, or reveal how adoringly she loved Chester—and so be pitied and compassionated because of her wasted affection, her sentimental folly.

No, let Lady Agnes, let the whole world, believe that Susan was the calm and impassive person she tried to appear, the ideal bride for a "marriage de convenience," and, above all things, let Susan never intrude her affection upon her husband, unless he really appeared to desire and want it.

Yet he had seemed fond of her, more than fond, absolutely devoted, during the first golden days of their honeymoon, and Susan, though she had written that foolish, pride-dictated letter to Agnes, had begun to wonder if, after all, her stern elder sister had not been mistaken—and at last to believe that she had been. But when Paul's mood changed suddenly, and his relations with his wife became that of mere brotherly and sisterly hand-in-hand comradeship—then Susan felt there was nothing for it but to believe her sister had spoken the absolute truth, and her wayward pride was too great for her to demand any explanation of Chester. She clothed herself, as he did, in a mantle of reserve, and professed to be abundantly satisfied with her life.

But now—now as the motor-car sped through the long country lanes, and flashed up and down hills, tearing its way through the sleeping countryside, disturbing the calm silence of the night—Susan felt that she had made a huge, terrible mistake, and cursed her forward pride.

She ought never to have allowed matters to have remained as they had between herself and Paul.

She ought to have done her best to make him love her. Granted that he had lied to her in the days of her early betrothal in saying he loved her well, she should have done her best to make this lie the truth. She should have forgiven him for the hurt he had explained to her in Paris that they must in future look upon each other as mere friends, and try to forget that the Church and the law had made them one—not held her head high, and answered that this arrangement would suit her, that it was one she had really wanted. She ought rather to have asked her husband with streaming eyes if he thought that she was made of wood and stone, or if he fancied he had married a marble image instead of a living woman.

"I could have won him to me if I had tried," so she murmured to herself over and over again. "I could have made him love me, if I had only put my pride on one side and condescended to woo. For I know one thing—he has been perfectly loyal to me hitherto. If I have had no place in his heart, no shrine in his soul, neither has any other woman, and it should have been my business to storm his heart and conquer it—to make myself indispensable to his happiness, his life. For, after all, he is mine, and I am his. I wear his ring. I am called by his name. I am his wife."

All at once, and quite suddenly, she thought of Henrietta, and a faint jealousy of the other woman stirred in her heart, and it seemed as if a chill wind from the north was blowing cold upon her soul.

For the first time she roused herself and addressed Rupert Temple.

"You said, didn't you," she asked slowly, "that the Duchess was with my husband at the time of the accident? Was she hurt, too?"

"Not seriously—only a few bruises and scratches," replied Rupert. He was thankful that Susan had broken her cold silence, for he was beginning to fear for the effect of this

(Continued on page 11.)

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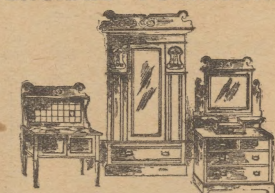
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THE MONEY MARKET.

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GOOD BANK RETURN.

CAPEL COURT, Thursday Evening.—The stock markets were in a much more hopeful mood, and a good deal of confidence was expressed as to the future. At the same time it must be confessed that the public is not rendering much support, and that the recovery is largely due to "bear" closing in the Kaffir market. It was interesting to notice how quietly the markets took the news of the defeat of the French Ministry. At first prices were lower, and, of course, foreign stocks were depressed. Then people began to argue that so far from it being a bad thing that the Government was defeated, it was, in reality, quite a good thing. They said that, without loss of dignity, a new French Government might make concessions to Germany, and so remove the adverse Morocco point.

At all events, they used the defeat of the French Government as a lever to raise prices. And not merely were our markets favourably affected, but before the day was over the foreign bourses seemed actually to be taking the same view. It was certainly an interesting and curious development.

CHARING CROSS STATION REOPENING.

The Bank return was a very satisfactory one, even if it was not, perhaps, quite so good as the market had expected. Still, it showed that the reserve was £374,000 better, and that the Bank was in a decidedly stronger position.

And, with so much gold coming to this country, there was nothing the matter with the gilt-edged market, even if the 4½ Consols were only the merest shade better for the day.

It was, perhaps, in Home Rails that our leading investment markets showed the greatest gusto. Money prospects, yesterday's wonderful Board of Trade returns, and recent good traffics all served to give the market a fillip. Certainly the Scottish group showed decided firmness, and elsewhere liberal support was given to Great Northern Deferred and to Dover "A." The latter was bought on the statement that the Charing Cross station would be reopened in May.

DISTRICT RAILS DULL.

The only really dull spot seemed to be Districts, perhaps because of misgivings as to the condition of the rolling stock, which have resulted from the numerous accidents. The North British dividend of 2 per cent. on the Deferred, with £21,000 forward, was about what had been expected.

Possibly Americans must be called a better market, though until the coal trade fears are removed there is not much ground for speaking confidently. But at all events Canadian Rails are very firm, there being a fairly good rise in Grand Trunks.

The harvest and other conditions in Argentina caused quite a sharp stir, too, in some of the Argentine Rails, and Rosario nearly touched the giddy height of 120. In fact, Foreign Rails were again a good market, even if the Mexican group was a little quieter. There have been one or two sensational movements in this section lately. Paraguay Centrals, for instance, have seen their debentures rise over £12 in four days. To-day Africa and Tacna stock shot up nearly £2 on the placing of the contract for the La Paz line with the Chilean syndicate.

BEAR SQUEEZE IN KAFFIRS.

It is now known that the Peruvian loan is settled, and though the issue price has yet to be fixed, only the announcement of the Government's approval is awaited. As a whole Foreigners were dull at first, for the reasons noted in the opening paragraph, but before the finish the market recovered.

There is a good deal of buying in the Argentine land division as a result of the high prices being secured for land, and possibly this must be named as the chief feature in the Miscellaneous market. But the insurance group is also doing very well, for they say that the companies are enjoying good business.

There was a "bear" squeezing movement in Kaffirs, and it and the effect of causing a decided rally after a dull opening. The best prices were, perhaps, not altogether maintained, but the market was certainly satisfactory. Other mining sections, too, were in better fettle, notably West Africans.

MARCHIONESS AS ARTIST.

Among the successful exhibitors at the annual show of the Royal Amateur Art Society, opened yesterday at Belgrave-square, London, were the Countess Bathurst for embroidery, Lady Gertrude Crawford for ivory work, and Captain A. F. Maitland for a sketch.

Pencil portraits of Princess Ena and Mr. Winston Churchill, by the Marchioness of Granby, and a portrait of Lady Violet Manners, by Lady Marjorie Manners, also attracted much attention.

SHOT AT A GHOST.



Private Bentley, of the Coldstream Guards, who, while on sentry duty at night at Windsor Castle, shot at a ghost.

PANTOMIME FAVOURITE.



Miss Eta Stella, of the Princess's Theatre, Glasgow, has won the pantomime favourite competition of the "Scottish Weekly Record."

AUSTRIA AS A HOLIDAY GROUND.

How the Wily Swiss Defends His Own Country Against Competition.

If a young Englishman wants a week's skating or tobogganing to provide a break in the gloom of the London winter, the chances are that he goes to Switzerland without thinking of any other place. Switzerland is a habit, like smoking cigarettes or talking about the Government.

It is hardly realised that there are other places quite as attractive in the winter time. To correct this impression the Austrian Ministry of Railways has just taken a party of English newspaper men on a very pleasant trip to the winter resorts of Austria, and particularly of the beautiful province of Tyrol.

The itinerary included Innsbruck, the beautiful capital of Tyrol, nestling under the snow-capped giants of the Austrian Alps; the picturesque old city of Salzburg, the Canterbury of Austria; Vienna, gay even in mid-winter; Semmering, the beautiful mountain resort which Vienna, happy among capitals, has only seventy miles from her gates; and Trent, the quaint old city, Italian rather than German, where the famous Council of Trent sat to settle the creed of the Church.

It was rather hard to understand why so few English or American people were to be found at any of these places, while, on returning to Switzerland, it was hard to escape anywhere the sight of scores of British tourists.

HOTELS GOOD AND CHEAP.

In beauty and climate the Austrian resorts have little or nothing to fear in comparison with their Swiss rivals, and they are certainly less touched by the commonplace. They seem as if they were made by the hand of Nature, and not of Cook. The hotels are quite as good and as cheap. There are no better hostleries on the Continent, in their own way, than the Hotel Tyrol, at Innsbruck, and the Hotel de l'Europe, at Salzburg.

Why, then, is Austria unvisited by the average Englishman, while Switzerland is crowded? The expense of the journey is not materially greater, that is to say, it is a question which would only affect those who sigh for a week at lovely somewhere-or-other for four guineas. One main reason is doubtless the length of the journey, and here the cunning Swiss, so jealous for their own country, play their part.

The Swiss railways seem purposely to make the journey to Austria through Switzerland as long and uncomfortable as possible. Innsbruck should be easily within twenty-four hours of London. As a matter of fact it is twenty-eight. A long dismal wait at Bale, another at Zurich, and the preternatural slowness of trains when one is actually moving, lengthen out the trip to an uncomfortable extent.

Another reason is that the travel agencies are interested in Switzerland to a greater extent than any other holiday country, and always recommend Switzerland to the man who wants to go somewhere, but does not exactly know where.

One pleasant feature of the Tyrol is the independence of the inhabitants; at any rate, in the smaller places out of the beaten track. The Tyrolese peasant is not a man to curse and throw a franc at. For a pleasant word he will put himself to all kinds of inconvenience, but he will not sacrifice his respect for a tip.

BY RIGHT OF LOVE.

(Continued from page 10.)

strange drive upon her sanity, following on the sudden and severe shock she had received.

He had addressed her once or twice shortly after they had started on their drive, but she had made him no answer, and he doubted if she had heard. She might have been a dead woman, he reflected, sitting up so pale and chill in her seat, or a mystic in a trance.

"And the chauffeur—was the chauffeur hurt?" Susan stirred a little under her furs. She was becoming more conscious of herself and her surroundings. She was aware of the star-powdered sky, the hedges gleaming with snow-frost, and the sympathetic blue eyes of the man who sat opposite, and she marvelled to herself over the bitterness of Rupert Temple's face. This was a man, she felt certain, who had some sad secret grief of his own.

"They had no chauffeur with them," answered Rupert. "The Duchess was steering the motor-car herself. Of course, she feels most tremendously upset, and blames herself bitterly for her careless driving."

"They were motoring—alone?" Susan spoke in sharp, staccato tones, and Rupert noticed with some pity the jealous edge in her voice. "Listen," she went on, her eyes blazing with sudden fire, "if my husband dies, she—that woman—has killed him. She is his murderess."

Susan shook passionately from head to foot, for a wild and furious jealousy of Henrietta was on her, of the woman who had lured her husband to Helmsworth, and then had driven him out—to meet what was, perhaps, his death.

"Hush, hush!" interrupted Rupert gently. "You're overwrought. Lady Susan, or you wouldn't say such things. Poor Henrietta is not to blame; an accident might happen to anyone. I can tell you she is pretty near crazy," he went on, "hysterical, for the first time in her life, I believe."

He remembered Henrietta's face as he spoke, as he had last seen it—pale, distorted, convulsed—tears raining down her cheeks, as he had seen her trembling pitiously. That was when she had been waiting outside Chester's room whilst the doctors were examining the patient, and her agitation had been pitiful to witness. She was so desperately anxious to hear the verdict, more roused out of herself than Rupert had ever seen her.

"Who sent you to me? Who asked you to bring me to Helmsworth?"

"The Duke sent me," Rupert answered briefly. Then, reading Lady Susan's thoughts, he added gently, "Your husband had not recovered consciousness when I started from Helmsworth, but, of course, we knew he would want you with him."

"Yes," murmured Susan; and then she forced a pale smile to her lips. "I don't think I've thanked you properly—I don't think I've even thanked you at all," she added, "for all your kindness to me, also for undertaking the long motor-car drive from Berkshire here to Essex, and back again for a stranger's sake."

"My dear Lady Susan, don't attempt to thank me—don't, it hurts," he answered calmly. "For I can assure you that in the future it will be one of the greatest pleasures in my life to remember that I've been of some little service to a good woman—a woman who loves her husband. Do you know," he continued, looking earnestly at Susan, "you are restoring to me my belief in your sex—in love. I thought that real affection between a man and his wife had become a thing of the past—but you are teaching me a different lesson. Mr. Chester is a man to be envied."

"Don't," murmured Susan, "don't say such things to me." She covered her face with her hands, and then the blinding tears came.

(To be continued.)

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THE MODISH ROSE.

To what is our feminine affection for fine feathers going to lead us? To expense, of course, for the handsome long ostrich plumes that are now arranged in generous profusion upon our chapeaux cost at least a guinea each when they are really

bronze-green, very handsome and "Empire," a grand recommendation in these days of close appreciation to all things Napoleonic.

But there are other and still more strange feathers to tempt us. Long single and double cock-tail feathers, one of one colour and another quite a contrast, wave in the breeze. Clumps of shorter ones remind one of the helmet decorations the police wear in Vienna. Two Mercury wings, set with a backward trend upon a closely-fitted straw model, are often employed, and the new skeleton feathers that look as if they were whittled out of wood or fibre are very quaint indeed. Roses



A spring hat of marshmallow chip, trimmed with pale green feathers, and a flat bow of striped green and marshmallow coloured ribbon.

good, and much more when they are dyed in some such perfectly new shade as ibis or peacock. This is a soft, rich pink colour, inclining towards cerise; and peacock, in its latest interpretation, is

are very much in favour for the floral trimming of hats, and two very pretty examples have been observed quite recently. One chapeau built of moss-green straw had a low, rounded crown, and a slightly drooping brim. Soft moss-green ribbon was folded round the crown and knotted in full, soft bows at the back, where the brim was suppressed. A perfect circle or wreath of roses was set at the back of the hat, running up over the crown, where the flower line gave added height and could be seen from the front, and falling over the closely-curved rim at each side of the back to complete its course among the loops of ribbon and against the hair.

A second rose-trimmed, small hat was made of fine supple straw draped into a crown and a narrow, drooping brim at the right, while at the left the brim ran sharply upwards and was outlined by a line of roses, tulle being used to fill in the side. A third delightful model is made simply of double ruches of lace, two standing up, two falling over the hair, with little pink roses running along the line of connection and massed at one side to hold the upstanding ruches to their full height.

OPINIONS OF AN OPTIMIST.

A lazy citizen is in everybody's way.

Jealousy knows no sense of justice.

Kindness is the very soul of a gentleman.

Every man should be in haste whose journey leads home.

If you want to keep your good looks keep your good nature.

Many a rich man would exchange his fortune for a good night's rest.

There is nothing like choosing the proper time for proffering a request to anyone.

Wind up every clock in the world and set them right, and they will all go wrong again.

Say "yes" and "no" to a child and adhere to it. This is the beginning and end of discipline.

This smart toque is made of folded green tulle, with an enormous rosette of white and green tulle at one side, threaded through a tortoise-shell buckle.



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